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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2019 edition

I EIZIVI	WEANING OF TERM		143	W DAN.	
vendor's agent	LS Properties 745 Casuarina Way Email: brent@lspro	, Casuarina NSW 2487 perties.com.au		Phone: 0408	3 337 122
co-agent					
vendor					
vendor's solicitor		g Pty Ltd Pottsville NSW 2489 conveyancing.com.au		Phone: 0422 Ref: ET:2	2 371 596 22339
date for completion	42nd day after the contract date (clause 15)				
land (address, plan details and title reference)	9 Kurrajong Avenue, Bogangar NSW 2488 Lot 206 in Deposited Plan 241367 Folio Identifier 206/241367				
improvements	 ✓ VACANT POSSESSION				
attached copies	☐ documents in the List of Documents as marked or as numbered:				
A modernotor and	☐ other documents:	wieletiem te fill van the item			tial
inclusions	⊠ blinds	gislation to fill up the iten in item is item is item is item item item in item item item item item item item item	is in this box in a ⊠ light fittings ⊠ range hood ⊠ solar panels	stove pool equipm TV antenna	
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price deposit balance contract date	\$ <u>\$</u> \$		·	price, unless oth	•
buyer's agent			,		,
aayon o agom					
vendor		GST AMOUNT (optional The price includes GST of: \$	1)		witness
purchaser 🗆 .	JOINT TENANTS	☐ tenants in common	in une	equal shares	witness

-		•						
Choi	ces							
Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i> (clause 3)	□ NO	□ yes						
Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network (ELN) (claus Electronic transaction (clause 30)	e 30). □ no	⊠ YES						
Lists one sansasion (sixus so)	_		further details, such as					
			aiver, in the space below,					
	or serve w	wumii 14 days or u	he contract date):					
Tax information (the parties promise the	nis is correct as fa	ar as each party	is aware)					
Land tax is adjustable	□ NO	□ yes						
GST: Taxable supply		☐ yes in full	☐ yes to an extent					
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the	□ NO	□ yes						
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is: — not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on section 9-5(b))								
☐ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required			` '/'					
☐ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going	=		. ,,					
\square GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or	☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O							
□ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residenti	al premises (section	ons 40-65, 40-75	(2) and 195-1)					
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment (residential withholding payment)	⊠ NO		, vendor must provide r details)					
CC		endor must provid	fully completed at the de all these details in a contract date.					
GSTRW payment (residential with	nolding payment)	- further details	s					
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is in a GST joint venture. Supplier's name:								
Supplier's ABN:								
• •								
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):								
Supplier's business address:								
Supplier's email address:								
Supplier's phone number:								
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$								
If more than one supplier, provide the above deta	ails for each supp	olier.						
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTI	RW rate (residentia	al withholding rat	e): \$					
Amount must be paid: AT COMPLETION at another time (specify):								

 \square yes

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? $\;\;\square$ NO

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

List of Documents

General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
□ 1 property certificate for the land	☐ 32 property certificate for strata common property		
□ 2 plan of the land	☐ 33 plan creating strata common property		
☐ 3 unregistered plan of the land	☐ 34 strata by-laws		
\square 4 plan of land to be subdivided	☐ 35 strata development contract or statement		
☐ 5 document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan	☐ 36 strata management statement		
⊠ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	☐ 37 strata renewal proposal		
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act	☐ 38 strata renewal plan		
1979 ☐ 7 additional information included in that certificate	\square 39 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common		
 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) 	property		
 ⊠ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service) 	☐ 40 property certificate for neighbourhood property		
location diagram)	☐ 41 plan creating neighbourhood property		
☐ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	☐ 42 neighbourhood development contract		
diagram)	☐ 43 neighbourhood management statement		
☐ 10 document that created or may have created an	☐ 44 property certificate for precinct property		
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	☐ 45 plan creating precinct property		
☐ 11 planning agreement	☐ 46 precinct development contract		
☐ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	☐ 47 precinct management statement		
☐ 13 survey report	☐ 48 property certificate for community property		
☐ 14 building information certificate or building	☐ 49 plan creating community property		
certificate given under <i>legislation</i>	☐ 50 community development contract		
☐ 15 lease (with every relevant memorandum or	☐ 51 community management statement		
variation)	☐ 52 document disclosing a change of by-laws		
☐ 16 other document relevant to tenancies	☐ 53 document disclosing a change in a development		
☐ 17 licence benefiting the land	or management contract or statement ☐ 54 document disclosing a change in boundaries		
☐ 18 old system document	☐ 55 information certificate under Strata Schemes		
☐ 19 Crown purchase statement of account	Management Act 2015		
☐ 20 building management statement	☐ 56 information certificate under Community Land		
☐ 21 form of requisitions	Management Act 1989		
☐ 22 clearance certificate	\square 57 disclosure statement - off-the-plan contract		
☐ 23 land tax certificate	\Box 58 other document relevant to off-the-plan contract		
Home Building Act 1989	Other		
☐ 24 insurance certificate	□ 59		
☐ 25 brochure or warning			
☐ 26 evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swimming Pools Act 1992			
☐ 27 certificate of compliance			
☐ 28 evidence of registration			
☐ 29 relevant occupation certificate			
☐ 30 certificate of non-compliance			
☐ 31 detailed reasons of non-compliance			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Strata Title Management Ballina

241 River Street, Ballina NSW 2478 Email: ballina@stratatitle.com.au

Tel: 02 6618 7200

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms (or in certain cases heat alarms) installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING-LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*). In particular, a purchaser should:

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds any records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation (including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation), contact NSW Fair Trading.

COOLING OFF PERIOD (PURCHASER'S RIGHTS)

- 1. This is the statement required by section 66X of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2. EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract at any time before 5 pm on—
 - (a) the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in the case of an off the plan contract, or
 - (b) the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made—in any other case.
- 3. There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD:
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor (or the vendor's solicitor or agent) a certificate that complies with section 66W of the Act, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under section 66ZG of the Act.
- 4. A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract will forfeit to the vendor 0.25% of the purchase price of the property. The vendor is entitled to recover the amount forfeited from any amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract and the purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property, Stock and Business Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group

Australian Taxation Office

Council

County Council

Department of Planning, Industry and

Environment

Department of Primary Industries

Electricity and gas

Land & Housing Corporation

Local Land Services

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

Privacy
Public Works Advisory

Owner of adjoining land

NSW Fair Trading

NSW Department of Education

Subsidence Advisory NSW Telecommunications Transport for NSW

Water, sewerage or drainage authority

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. The purchaser will usually have to pay transfer duty (and sometimes surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. If duty is not paid on time, a purchaser may incur penalties.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean -

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union:

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

deposit-bond a deposit bond or guarantee from an issuer, with an expiry date and for an amount

each approved by the vendor:

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent):

document of title document relevant to the title or the passing of title;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement and voluntary agreement within the meaning of \$7.4 of the Environmental

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property:

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party;

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and -

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*;

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

variation

a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*,

within

in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the depositholder as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by giving cash (up to \$2,000) or by unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder* or by payment by electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*.
- If any of the deposit is not paid on time or a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation, the vendor can *terminate*. This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.

- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a bond or guarantee for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

B Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if this contract says the vendor has agreed to accept a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the original *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier deposit-bond; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to terminate. The right to terminate is lost as soon as -
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.
- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.7.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is rescinded.
- 3.10 If this contract is terminated by the vendor -
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward the *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Transfer

- 4.1 Normally, the purchaser must serve at least 14 days before the date for completion -
 - 4.1.1 the form of transfer; and
 - 4.1.2 particulars required to register any mortgage or other dealing to be lodged with the transfer by the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee.
- 4.2 If any information needed for the form of transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 4.3 If the purchaser serves a form of transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for this form of transfer.
- The vendor can require the purchaser to include a form of covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land benefited.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of requisitions is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those requisitions.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by serving it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse:
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9:
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if
 - the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.
- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this
 contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991:
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract:
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;

- 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
- 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
- anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot rescind or terminate only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 Normally, the vendor must by completion comply with a work order made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other work order.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -

- to have the property inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the GST Act have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 Normally, if a party must pay the price or any other amount to the other party under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the parties agree the supply of the property is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not serve that letter within 3 months of completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the property, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if —

- 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
- the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 Normally, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - at least 5 days before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been *served*, by the transferee named in the transfer *served* with that direction;
 - 13.13.2 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 13.13.3 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 13.13.4 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable:
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land:
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.6 Normally, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a settlement cheque on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 14.6.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 16.2 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 16.3 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being an estate in fee simple) to pass to the purchaser free of any mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.4 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.

- 16.5 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.6 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

• Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor, by cash (up to \$2,000) or settlement cheque 16.7.1 the price less any:
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable,
 - GSTRW payment; and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.8 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 16.9 If any of the deposit is not covered by a bond or guarantee, on completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit.
- 16.10 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

• Place for completion

- 16.11 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 16.11.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 16.11.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 16.11.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 16.13 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

17 Possession

- 17.1 Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion -
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a party will not otherwise be liable to pay the other party any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The parties acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A party's solicitor can receive any amount payable to the party under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is
 - signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.3);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor.
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received:
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person; and
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay 20.7.1 if the *party* does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each party must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the party's obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.
- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 3) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to terminate.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - __a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme:
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s26 Community Land Management Act 1989;
 - 23.2.5 'information notice' includes a strata information notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and a notice under s47 Community Land Management Act 1989;

- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.5 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.
- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
 - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 The purchaser must give the vendor 2 copies of an information notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 The vendor must complete and sign 1 copy of the notice and give it to the purchaser on completion.
- 23.12 Each party can sign and give the notice as agent for the other.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* an information certificate issued after the contract date in relation to the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the certificate
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

• Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose;
 and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
 - a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date):
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 normally, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the form of transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -

- 25.7.1 normally, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
- 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
- 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.9 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.10 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the Registrar-General of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the parties must adjust any interest under clause 14.1.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that party can rescind within 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a planning agreement; or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *leaislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind: and
 - the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a party, then it benefits only that party.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party* serves notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time:
 - if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and

- 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.
- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind,
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either party can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Electronic transaction

- 30.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction if -
 - 30.1.1 this contract says that it is an electronic transaction;
 - 30.1.2 the parties otherwise agree that it is to be conducted as an electronic transaction; or
 - 30.1.3 the conveyancing rules require it to be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.2 However, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.2.1 if the land is not electronically tradeable or the transfer is not eligible to be lodged electronically; or
 - 30.2.2 if, at any time after the effective date, but at least 14 days before the date for completion, a party serves a notice stating a valid reason why it cannot be conducted as an electronic transaction.
- 30.3 If, because of clause 30.2.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is not to be conducted as an electronic transaction
 - 30.3.1 each party must -
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 30.3.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.2.
- 30.4 If this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction -
 - 30.4.1 to the extent that any other provision of this contract is inconsistent with this clause, the provisions of this clause prevail;
 - 30.4.2 normally, words and phrases used in this clause 30 (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Electronic Workspace* and *Lodgment Case*) have the same meaning which they have in the participation
 - 30.4.3 the parties must conduct the electronic transaction -
 - in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - using the nominated ELN, unless the parties otherwise agree;
 - 30.4.4 a party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry as a result of this transaction being an electronic transaction;
 - 30.4.5 any communication from one party to another party in the Electronic Workspace made -
 - after the effective date; and
 - before the receipt of a notice given under clause 30.2.2;

is taken to have been received by that *party* at the time determined by s13A of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000; and

- 30.4.6 a document which is an electronic document is served as soon as it is first Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace on behalf of the party required to serve it.
- 30.5 Normally, the vendor must within 7 days of the effective date -
 - 30.5.1 create an Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.5.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data, the date for completion and, if applicable, mortgagee details; and
 - 30.5.3 invite the purchaser and any discharging mortgagee to the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 30.5, the purchaser may create an *Electronic Workspace*. If the purchaser creates the *Electronic Workspace* the purchaser must
 - 30.6.1 populate the Electronic Workspace with title data;
 - 30.6.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.6.3 populate the Electronic Workspace with the date for completion and a nominated completion time;
 - 30.6.4 invite the vendor and any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.7 Normally, within 7 days of receiving an invitation from the vendor to join the Electronic Workspace, the purchaser must
 - 30.7.1 join the Electronic Workspace;
 - 30.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 30.7.3 invite any incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.

- If the purchaser has created the Electronic Workspace the vendor must within 7 days of being invited to the 30.8 Electronic Workspace --
 - 30.8.1 join the Electronic Workspace:
 - 30.8.2 populate the Electronic Workspace with mortgagee details, if applicable; and
 - 30.8.3 invite any discharging mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace.
- 30.9 To complete the financial settlement schedule in the Electronic Workspace
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the date for completion;
 - 30.9.2 the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for completion; and
 - 30.9.3 if the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment or an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must populate the Electronic Workspace with the payment details for the GSTRW payment or FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 business days before the date for completion.
- 30.10 Before completion, the parties must ensure that
 - all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are 30.10.1 populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 30.10.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 30.10.3 they do everything else in the Electronic Workspace which that party must do to enable the electronic transaction to proceed to completion.
- 30.11 If completion takes place in the Electronic Workspace
 - payment electronically on completion of the price in accordance with clause 16.7 is taken to be 30.11.1 payment by a single settlement cheque,
 - 30.11.2 the completion address in clause 16.11 is the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 30.11.3 clauses 13.13.2 to 13.13.4, 16.8, 16.12, 16.13 and 31.2.2 to 31.2.4 do not apply.
- If the computer systems of any of the Land Registry, the ELNO or the Reserve Bank of Australia are 30.12 inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either party.
- If the computer systems of the Land Registry are inoperative for any reason at the completion time agreed by the parties, and the parties choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring -
 - 30.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor, the certificate of title and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction shall be taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land comprised in the certificate of title; and
 - the vendor shall be taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- A party who holds a certificate of title must act in accordance with any Prescribed Requirement in relation to the certificate of title but if there is no Prescribed Requirement, the vendor must serve the certificate of title after completion.
- If the parties do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that 30.15 cannot be delivered through the Electronic Workspace, the party required to deliver the documents or things -30.15.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of, and
 - 30.15.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the party entitled to them.
- In this clause 30, these terms (in any form) mean -30.16

adiustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14; certificate of title

the paper duplicate of the folio of the register for the land which exists

immediately prior to completion and, if more than one, refers to each such paper

duplicate:

completion time the time of day on the date for completion when the electronic transaction is to be

settled:

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900; conveyancing rules

any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose discharging mortgagee provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to

be transferred to the purchaser:

FCNI the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW):

effective date the date on which the Conveyancing Transaction is agreed to be an electronic

transaction under clause 30.1.2 or, if clauses 30.1.1 or 30.1.3 apply, the contract

date:

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be electronic transfer

prepared and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the

purposes of the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

Land - 2019 edition

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules:

a land title that is Electronically Tradeable as that term is defined in the electronically tradeable

conveyancing rules:

any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the incoming mortgagee

> property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price: the details which a party to the electronic transaction must provide about any

discharging mortgagee of the property as at completion;

the participation rules as determined by the ECNL:

participation rules populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace; and

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace

by the Land Registry.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

31.1 This clause applies only if -

mortgagee details

- 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act.
- 31.1.2 a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.

31.2 The purchaser must -

- 31.2.1 at least 5 days before the date for completion, serve evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under clause 4.3 has been served, by the transferee named in the transfer served with that direction;
- 31.2.2 produce on completion a settlement cheque for the FRCGW remittance payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation:
- forward the settlement cheque to the pavee immediately after completion; and 31.2.3
- serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance. 31.2.4
- 31.3 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clauses 31.2.1 and 31.2.2.
- If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier 31.4 than 7 days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- If the vendor serves in respect of every vendor either a clearance certificate or a variation to 0.00 percent, 31.5 clauses 31.2 and 31.3 do not apply.

Residential off the plan contract 32

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by clause 6A of the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2017
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract. 32.3.2
- This clause does not apply to a contract made before the commencement of the amendments to the Division 32.4 under the Conveyancing Legislation Amendment Act 2018.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

These are the special conditions to the contract for the sale of land

BETWEEN		(VENDOR)
And	(PURCHASER)	(VERDOR)

1. Notice to Complete

In addition to the rights set out in Special Condition 5, the parties acknowledge and agree that fourteen (14) days will be accepted by them as a reasonable and proper period to specify in any notice to complete which either of them may become entitled to serve pursuant to this agreement. Should the vendor be caused to issue such notice to the purchaser, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, an adjustment in the sum of \$330.00 representing agreed expenses incurred by the vendor for the drafting, engrossing and serving of a Notice to Complete upon the purchaser.

2. Agent

- a) The purchaser warrants that the purchaser was not introduced to the vendor or the property by or through the medium of: a real estate agent, an employee of the real estate agent, or a person having a connection with a real estate agent, other than the agent, if any, named such in this contract.
- b) The purchaser must at all times indemnify the vendor against any claim for commission made by any person other than the vendor's agent, arising out of a breach of the warranty in special condition 2 a) and all actions, proceedings and expenses arising out of any such claim including any legal fees and disbursements.

This clause shall not merge on completion.

3. Purchaser Acknowledgements

The purchaser acknowledges that:

- a) It accepts the property, including the improvements, fixtures and inclusion in their current condition and state of repair, and subject to all defects (if any) whether latent or patent;
- b) The purchaser shall not be entitled to make any requisition, objection or claim for compensation, nor delay settlement or require the vendor to do anything arising out of the condition of the property or improvements thereon or out of any deterioration which may occur between the date hereof and completion;
- c) The purchaser further acknowledges that he has not been induced to enter into this Contract by any statement, warranty or representation given by the vendor nor on the vendor's behalf other than the warranties specifically referred to in the Contract.

4. Death or incapacity

Notwithstanding any rule of law or equity to the contrary, should either party, or if more than one any one of them prior to completion:

- a) die or become mentally ill, as defined in the *Mental Health Act 2007*, then either party may rescind this agreement by written notice and this Contract will be at an end and the provisions of Clause 19 shall apply:
- b) become bankrupt, or being a company have a summon or application for its winding up presented or have a liquidator, receiver or voluntary administrator of it appointed, or enter into a deed of company arrangement or scheme of company arrangement or scheme of arrangement with its creditors, then that party will be deemed to be in default under this Contract.

5. Late Completion

In the event that completion is not effected on the nominated day due to the purchaser's default, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase price, 10% interest per annum calculated daily on the balance of the purchase price from the day nominated for completion until and including the actual day of completion, provided always that there shall be an abatement of interest during any time that the purchaser is ready, willing and able to complete and the vendor is not.

6. Settlement Adjustments

- a) The parties agree that the necessary adjustments will be made on settlement in accordance with the contract
- b) In the event, an adjustment that should have been made on settlement, was overlooked or made in error, then the parties agree that such adjustment shall be rectified.
- c) This clause shall NOT merge on completion.

7. Electronic Communication

- a) This contract may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures of each counterpart were on the same instrument. Execution by either or both of the parties to the Contract of a facsimile or email copy of this Contract and transmission by facsimile or email of a copy of the Contract executed by that party or their representative to the other party or the other party's representative shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this Contract by such party or parties.
- b) For the purpose of the Electronic Transactions Act 1999 (Cth) and Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) each of the parties consents to receiving and sending the Contract electronically and the receipt by each party of the electronic form of Contract shall be sufficient for the completion of exchange of Contracts. No party shall be required to forward a wet-ink signed copy (if any) nor delay settlement or terminate for lack of same.

8. Claims by Purchaser

- a) Clause 7.1.1 delete 5% of the price and replace with \$500.00.
- b) Notwithstanding Clauses 6 and 7, the parties agree that any claim for compensation and/or objection by the Purchaser shall be deemed to be a requisition for the purpose of Clause 8 and the vendor shall be entitled to rescind the contract.



Information Provided Through Triconvey2 (Reseller) Ph. 1300 064 452 Fax.

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH _____

FOLIO: 206/241367

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE ---------_____ 15 14/4/2021 20/4/2022 12:34 PM

LAND

LOT 206 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 241367 AT BOGANGAR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA TWEED PARISH OF CUDGEN COUNTY OF ROUS TITLE DIAGRAM DP241367

FIRST SCHEDULE _____

(T AG917861)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- AQ960002 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

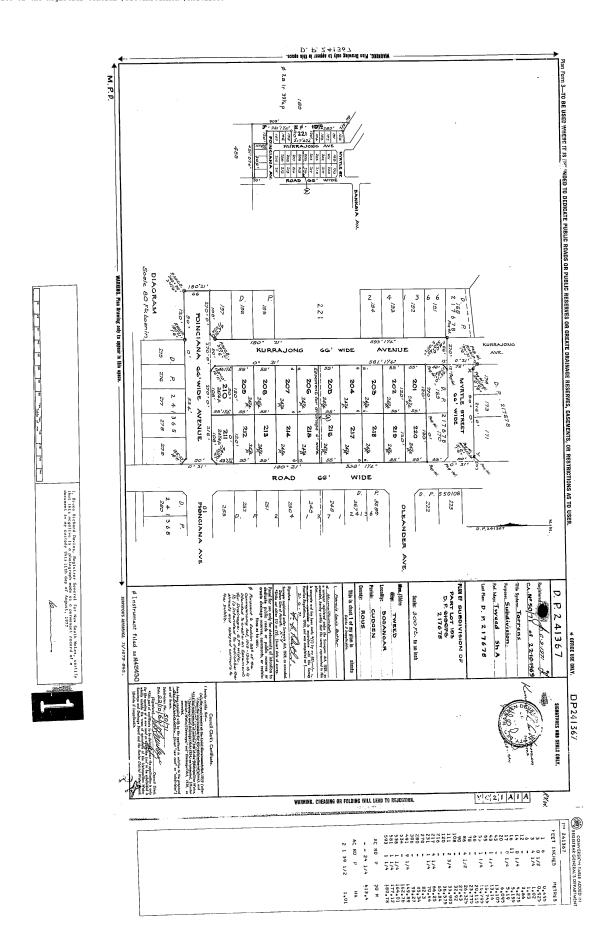
UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

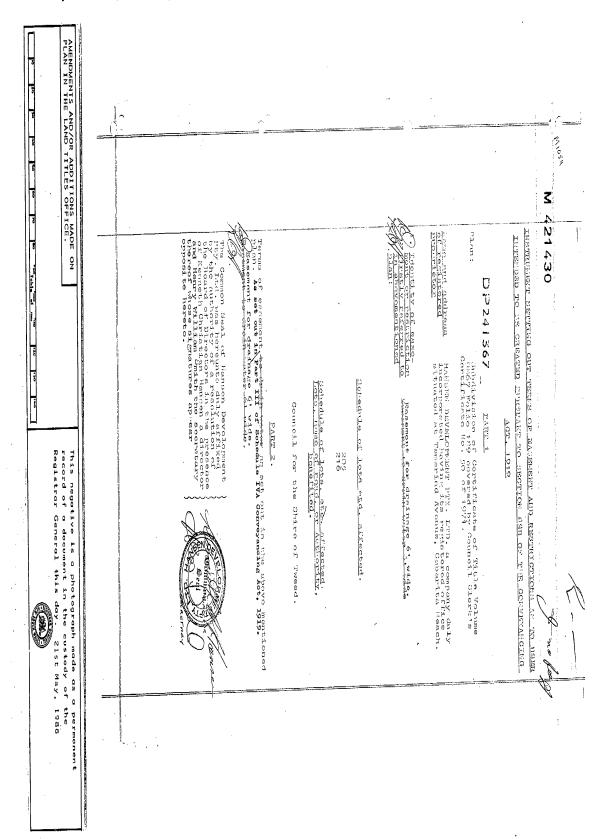
*** END OF SEARCH ***

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.

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Received: 20/04/2022 12:34:30







Planning Certificate under Section

10.7 (formerly Section 149)

Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979

Land No. 15741

Applicant: Fresh Conveyancing

3, Edinburgh court

POTTSVILLE NSW 2489

Certificate No: Date of Issue: Fee Paid: Receipt No: ePlanCer22/1101 21/04/2022 \$53.00

Your Reference:

eCustomer Reference: McPherson

Property Description: Lot 206 DP 241367; No. 9 Kurrajong Avenue BOGANGAR

In accordance with the requirements of section 10.7 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (as amended), the following prescribed matters relate to the land at the date of this certificate.

ITEM 1

Names of relevant planning instruments and DCPs

- (1) The name of each environmental planning instrument that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.
- (2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land and that is or has been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Act (unless the Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved).
- (3) The name of each development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.
- (4) In this clause, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a LEP or a draft environmental planning instrument.

<u>Item 1(1)</u>

The following local environmental planning instrument applies to the carrying out of development on the land:

Tweed Shire LEP 2014

The following State environmental planning policies (SEPPs) apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Integration and Repeals) 2016

State Environmental Planning Policy (Koala Habitat Protection) 2020

State Environmental Planning Policy (State Significant Precincts) 2005



State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019

State Environmental Planning Policy (Coastal Management) 2018

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 21 - Caravan Parks

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 33 - Hazardous and Offensive Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 36 - Manufactured Homes Estate

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 50 - Canal Estate Development

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 55 - Remediation of Land

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 64 - Advertising and Signage

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 - Design Quality of Residential Flat Development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017

State Environmental Planning Policy (State and Regional Development) 2011

State Environmental Planning Policy (Miscellaneous Consent Provisions) 2007

Item 1(2)

The following draft local environmental plan(s) and draft planning proposal(s) have been placed on public exhibition and apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

There are no draft Local Environmental Plans currently applying to the subject land.

<u>Item 1(3)</u>

The following development control plan(s) that have been prepared apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

Section A1 - Residential and Tourist Development Code

Section A2 - Site Access and Parking Code

Section A3 - Development of Flood Liable Land

Section A4 - Advertising Signs Code

Section A5 - Subdivision Manual

Section A6 - Biting Midge and Mosquito Control

Section A7 - Child Care Centres

Section A8 - Brothels Policy

Section A9 - Energy Smart Homes Policy

Section A10 - Exempt and Complying Development

Section A13 - Socio Economic Impact Assessment

Section A15 - Waste Minimisation and Management

Section A16 - Preservation of Trees or Vegetation

Section A17 - Business, Enterprise Corridor and General Industrial Zones

Section A18 - Heritage

Section A19 - Biodiversity and Habitat Management

Section B19 - Bogangar/Cabarita Beach Locality Plan



ITEM 2

Zoning and land use under relevant LEPs

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a SEPP or proposed SEPP) that includes the land in any zone (however described):

- the identity of the zone, whether by reference to a name (such as "Residential Zone" or "Heritage Area") or by reference to a number (such as "Zone No 2 (a)"),
- (b) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent,
- (c) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent,
- (d) the purposes for which the instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone,
- (e) whether any development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed,
- (f) whether the land includes or comprises critical habitat,
- (g) whether the land is in a conservation area (however described),
- (h) whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

Item 2(a-d)

The subject land is within the following zone(s) and is affected by the following landuse table:

Zone R2 Low Density Residential

1 Objectives of zone

- To provide for the housing needs of the community within a low density residential environment.
- To enable other land uses that provide facilities or services to meet the day to day needs of residents.

2 Permitted without consent

Environmental facilities: Environmental protection works; Home occupations

3 Permitted with consent

Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Dwelling houses; Group homes; Home industries; Roads; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

4 Prohibited

Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal boarding or training establishments; Boat building and repair facilities; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Commercial premises; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Entertainment facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex services); Hostels; Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Information and education facilities; Marinas; Moorings; Mortuaries; Open cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Public administration buildings; Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Residential flat buildings; Restricted premises; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Service stations; Sex services premises; Shop top housing; Storage premises; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies

[End of Zone R2 Table]

Item 2(e) - Minimum Standards for the Erection of a Dwelling-House:

See relevant Tweed Local Environmental Plan(s) applicable to this land as referenced in Item 1(1) above.

Item 2(f) - Critical Habitat:



The subject land is not identified as including or comprising critical habitat as prescribed in the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 or (subject to section 5c) Part 7A of the Fisheries Management Act 1994.

Item 2(g) - Conservation Area:

The subject land is not within a heritage conservation area identified within the applicable Tweed Local Environmental Plan.

<u>Item 2(h) - Item of Environmental Heritage:</u>

The subject land does not contain nor constitute an item of environmental heritage as listed in the applicable Tweed Local Environmental Plan.

Other Clauses under Tweed Local Environmental Plan 2000 (if this Plan applies)

The subject land is not affected by any special clauses in Tweed Local Environmental Plan 2000.

ITEM 3

Complying Development

Extract from Clause 47 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Complying Development and Fire Safety) Regulation 2013 - Schedule 1 - Amendment of Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

"Schedule 4 Planning certificates

- (1) The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.
- (2) The extent to which complying development may not be carried out on that land because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of that Policy and the reasons why it may not be carried out under those clauses.
- (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land."

Subdivisions Code (Strata Subdivision)

No. Complying Development under the Subdivisions (Strata Subdivisions) Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:

* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Demolition Code

No. Complying Development under the Demolition Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:

* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

No. Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:

* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Housing Code, Rural Housing Code, Low Rise Housing Diversity Code & Greenfield Housing Code

No. Complying Development under the Housing Code, Rural Housing Code, Low Rise Housing Diversity Code & Greenfield Housing Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:

* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Housing Alterations Code and General Development Code

No. Complying Development under the Housing Alterations Code and General Development Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:



* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

No. Complying Development under the Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code may not be carried out on this land. The land is affected by specific land exemptions:

* land that is within an environmentally sensitive area

Qualifying Statement on Council Data Affecting this Item

Tweed Shire Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, however this restriction may not apply to all of the land.

EXPLANATORY NOTE FOR ITEM 3 COMPLYING DEVELOPMENT

Please note that Council has updated its Section 10.7(2) Planning Certificate information to reflect the statutory changes introduced by the NSW State Government relating to amendments to the State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, via the Amendment (Commercial and Industrial Development and Other Matters) 2013, and the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000, via the Amendment (Complying Development and Fire Safety) 2013, which all take full effect from 22 February 2014.

To assist with the introduction of these SEPP amendments, the NSW Department of Planning and Infrastructure (DPI) has provided a series of information sheets on its web site www.planning.nsw.gov.au

The DPI also issued Circulars PS13-004 and PS13-005 on 23 December 2013 which explains what steps local councils need to undertake to implement the commencement of these new controls.

The DPI have stated the following rationale for the new Amendments:

"The amending Regulation makes important changes to the lodgement and determination of applications for a complying development certificate (CDC). This includes new requirements to provide advice and notification of complying development to neighbours. There are also additional requirements for information to be lodged with an application for a CDC and for conditions to be imposed on a CDC approval.

The SEPP has been amended to include new complying development codes, development standards and other requirements. These amendments will require changes to the information provided in section 10.7 planning certificates. The new development types also include a number of prerequisites for certain proposals to be complying development. These and other related matters are specified in the Regulation."

It is strongly suggested that you review this information before proceeding with the lodgement of a Complying Development Certificate application to either Council or a private certifier.

For any further clarification of these matters, please contact Council's Development Assessment or Building Units.

ITEM 4 - REPEALED

ITEM 4A - REPEALED

ITEM 4B

Annual Charges under <u>Local Government Act 1993</u> for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

In relation to a coastal council - whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of the <u>Local Government Act 1993</u> for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Note. "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the <u>Local Government Act 1993.</u>

No

ITEM 5

Mine Subsidence:



Whether or not the land is proclaimed to be a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.

No

ITEM 6

Road Widening and Road Realignment:

Whether or not the land is affected by any road widening or road realignment under:

- (a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993, or
- (b) any environmental planning instrument, or
- (c) any resolution of the council.

Item 6(a-c)

The subject land is not affected by any road widening or realignment proposal under either Division 2 or Part 3 of the Roads Act, 1993, any environmental planning instrument or any resolution of the Council.

ITEM 7

Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether or not the land is affected by a policy:

- (a) adopted by the council, or
- (b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council,

that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulphate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

<u>Item 7(a-b)</u>

Land Slip:

The council has not adopted a policy to restrict development of the subject land because of the likelihood of land slip. Geotechnical investigations may be required prior to development of some sites, depending upon the characteristics of the site and the nature of development proposed.

Bushfire:

The Council has adopted a policy to restrict development of the subject land because of the likelihood of bushfire hazard (see Item 11 below).

Tidal Inundation:

Council has no records that indicate that the land is affected by tidal inundation. Accordingly, the Council has not adopted a policy to restrict development of the land in respect of tidal inundation.

Subsidence:

Council records do not indicate that the land is affected by subsidence. Accordingly, the Council has not adopted a policy to restrict development of the land in respect to subsidence.

Acid Sulfate Soils:

The subject land is identified as Class 3 on Councils "Acid Sulfate Soil Planning Map" under the relevant Tweed Local Environmental Plan.

Any Other Risk:

Council has adopted a policy to restrict development of the subject land due to the following other identified risk:

• Cattle Tick Dip Sites:



Council records do not indicate that the land is or has been used as a Cattle Tick Dip Site.

Contamination:

Council has not by resolution, adopted a policy which may restrict development of the subject land in respect of potential contamination of that land.

Due to the historical nature of land uses in the Tweed Shire, there is a possibility that land previously used for such purposes as agriculture, industrial, residential, commercial or similar uses would contain contamination. Enquiries should be made at the Council for any information held in their files and enquiries should also be made with all other relevant authorities. Tweed Shire Council has not yet prepared any detailed information as to whether this land is contaminated land.

Coastal Hazards:

This property is not affected.

ITEM 7A

Flood related development controls information

- (1) If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.
- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.
- (3) In this clause -

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual

Item 7A(1-3)

(1) The land is a flood control lot. Council is aware that the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls. Flood related development controls, such as the Tweed Local Environmental Plans and minimum floor levels, are prescribed by Development Control Plan Section A3 - Development of Flood Liable Land. Property Flood Reports that provide general flood risk information for this land are available on Council's website.

Floodplain Risk Management Study

Council has adopted the Tweed Valley Floodplain Risk Management Study (and Draft Plan) 2005 - Part 2 Planning Controls for High Flow Areas dated August 2006. The subject land is not affected by this Policy.

(2) The land is a flood control lot. Council is aware that the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls in the Tweed Local Environmental Plans and Development Control Plans. Flood related development controls, such as evacuation routes and/or refuges, are prescribed by Development Control Plan Section A3 - Development of Flood Liable Land. Property Flood Reports that provide general flood risk information for this land are available on Council's website.

ITEM 8

Land Reserved for Acquisition:



Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument, referred to in clause 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

The subject land is not identified as being subject to acquisition by a public authority (as referred to in section 27 of the EP&A Act 1979) under the provisions of any environmental planning instrument deemed or draft environmental planning instrument.

ITEM 9

Contributions Plans:

The name of each contributions plan applying to the land.

The following contributions plan(s) apply (or may apply depending upon proposed future development) to the subject land:

Section 94 Plan No 4 - Tweed Road Contribution Plan

Section 94 Plan No 5 - Open Space Contributions

Section 94 Plan No 11 - Tweed Shire Library Facilities

Section 94 Plan No 12 - Bus Shelters

Section 94 Plan No 13 - Eviron Cemetery

Section 94 Plan No 15 - Developer Contributions for Community Facilities

Section 94 Plan No 18 - Council Administration Offices and Technical Support Facilities

Section 94 Plan No 22 - Cycleways

Section 94 Plan No 26 - Shirewide/Regional Open Space

ITEM 9A

Biodiversity Certified Land:

If the land is biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016, a statement to that effect.

Note. Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under Part 7AA of the <u>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</u> that is taken to be certified under Part 8 of the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</u>.

Council has not received any biodiversity certifications.

ITEM 10

Biodiversity Stewardship Sites:

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</u>, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage).

Note. Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under Part 7A of the <u>Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995</u> that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under Part 5 of the <u>Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016</u>.

Council has not been notified of the existence of any biodiversity stewardship agreements by the Chief Executive of the Office of Environment and Heritage.

ITEM 10A

Native Vegetation Clearing Set Asides



If the land contains a set aside area under section 60ZC of the <u>Local Land Services Act 2013</u>, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the set aside area by Local Land Services or it is registered in the public register under that section).

Council has not been notified of the existence of a set aside area.

ITEM 11

Bush Fire Prone Land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land (as defined in the Act), a statement that all or, as the case may be, some of the land is bush fire prone land.

If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The subject land is identified as bush fire prone land in accordance with the Bush Fire Prone Land map certified in accordance with Section 146(2) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, as amended.

ITEM 12

Property Vegetation Plans

If the land is land to which a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the <u>Native Vegetation Act 2003</u> (and that continues in force) applies, a statement to that effect (but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act).

The subject land is not affected by a Property Vegetation Plan under the Native Vegetation Act 2003.

ITEM 13

Orders under Trees (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

Council has not been notified of any Order made under the Trees (Disputes between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

ITEM 14

Directions under Part 3A

If there is a direction by the Minister in force under section 75P (2) (c1) of the Act that a provision of an environmental planning instrument prohibiting or restricting the carrying out of a project or a stage of a project on the land under Part 4 of the Act does not have effect, a statement to that effect identifying the provision that does not have effect.

There are no Directions under Part 3A affecting this land.

ITEM 15

Site compatibility certificates and conditions for seniors housing

If the land is land to which <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004</u> applies:

- (a) a statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (seniors housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (i) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (ii) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department, and
- (b) a statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 18 (2) of that Policy that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application granted after 11 October 2007 in respect of the land.



There are no site compatibility certificates and conditions affecting seniors housing on the land.

ITEM 16

Site compatibility certificates for infrastructure, schools or TAFE establishments

A statement of whether there is a valid site compatibility certificate (infrastructure), or site compatibility certificate (schools or TAFE establishments), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the period for which the certificate is valid, and
- (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department

There are no site compatibility certificates for infrastructure on the land.

ITEM 17

Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

- (1) A statement of whether there is a current site compatibility certificate (affordable rental housing), of which the council is aware, in respect of proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:
 - (a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
 - (b) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.
- (2) A statement setting out any terms of a kind referred to in clause 17 (1) or 38 (1) of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009</u> that have been imposed as a condition of consent to a development application in respect of the land.

There are no site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing on the land.

ITEM 18

Paper subdivision information

- (1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.
- (2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.
- (3) Words and expressions used in this clause have the same meaning as they have in Part 16C of this Regulation.

There is no paper subdivision information relating to this land.

ITEM 19

Site verification certificates

A statement of whether there is a current site verification certificate, of which the council is aware, in respect of the land, if there is a certificate, the statement is to include:

- (a) the matter certified by the certificate, and
 - **Note.** A site verification certificate sets out the Secretary's opinion as to whether the land concerned is or is not biophysical strategic agricultural land or critical industry cluster land see Division 3 of Part 4AA of <u>State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries 2007.</u>
- (b) the date on which the certificate ceases to be current (if any), and
- (c) that a copy may be obtained from the head office of the Department.

There are no site verification certificates relating to this land.



ITEM 20

Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the <u>Home Building Act 1989</u>) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division, a statement to that effect.

The land is not affected or listed on the register.

ITEM 21

Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) A statement of whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
- (2) A statement of:
 - (a) whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and
 - (b) whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.
- (3) In this clause:

affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the <u>Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.</u>
building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the <u>Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.</u>

The land is not affected by any building notice.

Prescribed matters in accordance with the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997

The following matters are prescribed by section 59(2) of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

- (a) that the land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (b) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (c) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (d) that the land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,
- (e) that the land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

(a) Significantly Contaminated Land

As at the date of this certificate, Council has not been notified by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) that the land is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.

(b) Management Order

As at the date of this certificate, Council has not been notified by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) that the land is the subject of a management order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.

(c) Approved Voluntary Management Proposal

As at the date of this certificate, Council has not been notified by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) that the land is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.



(d) Ongoing Maintenance Order

As at the date of this certificate, Council has not been notified by the NSW Environment Protection Authority (EPA) that the land is the subject of an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997.

(e) Site Audit Statement

As at the date of this certificate, Council has not been notified that the land is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of Part 4 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997. Council has not been notified/provided with a copy of any site audit statement pertaining to the subject land.

NOTE:

The information contained in this certificate needs to be read in conjunction with the provisions of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 and Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

Information provided under Section 10.7(2) is in accordance with the matters prescribed under Schedule 4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000.

When information pursuant to Section 10.7(5) is requested, the Council is under no obligation to furnish any particular information pursuant to that Section. The absence of any reference to any matters affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by any matter not referred to in this Certificate.

In addition to the above information you may wish to obtain advice on additional matters affecting the site. A certificate under Section 10.7(5) of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 would provide advice on the following additional matters:

- Development Approval/s issued within the last five years;
- Draft Environmental Planning Instruments;
- Tree Preservation Orders;
- Further Information Regarding Contamination;
- Height under Tweed Local Environmental Plan 2000; Tweed City Centre Local Environmental Plan 2012 and Tweed Local Environmental Plan 2014
- Aircraft Noise;
- Future Road Corridor;
- Future Road Widening; and
- Farmland Protection

Council draws your attention to Section 10.7(6) which states that a Council shall not incur any liability in respect of any advice provided in good faith pursuant to subsection (5).

Please contact the Development Assessment Unit for further information about any instruments or affectations referred to in the Certificate.

TROY GREEN GENERAL MANAGER

Per

Council Reference: DD22/0646

Your Reference:

eCustomer Reference: McPherson



Customer Service | 1300 292 872 | (02) 6670 2400

tsc@tweed.nsw.gov.au www.tweed.nsw.gov.au



POBox 816 Murwillumbah NSW 2484

Please address all communications to the General Manager

ABN: 90 178 732 496

21 April 2022

Fresh Conveyancing
3, Edinburgh court
POTTSVILLE NSW 2489

Dear Sir/Madam

Sewer Diagram Lot 206 DP 241367; No. 9 Kurrajong Avenue BOGANGAR

Please find enclosed a drainage diagram showing the location of sewer mains in relation to the abovementioned property.

NOTE: Council's policy "Work in Proximity to Sewers" precludes the construction of enclosed buildings, inground swimming pools, major retaining walls, etc. directly over public sewers.

Minor variations to this blanket exclusion will be permitted as specifically referenced in the Policy document. You should refer to the policy for further details.

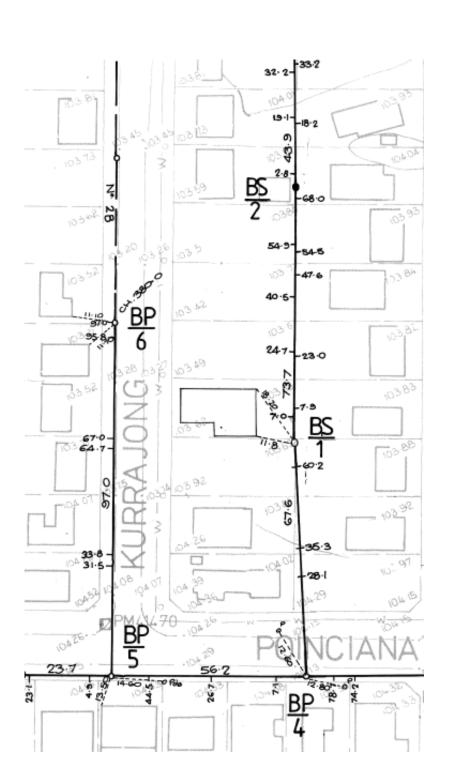
For further information regarding this matter please contact Council's Building and Environmental Health Unit.

Yours faithfully

Denise Galle

MANAGER BUILDING AND ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

Enclosure



TWEED SHIRE COUNCIL WARNING

Drainage information is to the best of Council's knowledge and supplied for the guidance of persons collecting property or planning data. If preciseness of location is critical, a private survey should be arranged.

VINCENT CONNELL
Director Planning and Regulation



Sewer Network Report

