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# Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM vendor's agent	MEANING OF TERM NSW I LJ Hooker Wingham Crn Isabella & Bent Street, Wingham NSW 2429 Email: chailes.wingham@ljhooker.com.au			6553 5511 6557 0515 Craig Hailes	
co-agent					
vendor	Linda Louise Adelstei	n			
vendor's solicitor	Conveyancing Solutions & Legal (NSW) Pty Ltd Suite 506, 3 Waverley Street, Bondi Junction NSW 2022 PO BOX 1502, Bondi Junction NSW 1355 Email: adam@conveyancingsolutions.com.au			Phone: Fax: Ref:	02 9387 2111 02 9387 2133 AT:HG:17690
date for completion	35 days after the cont	ract date (clause 15)			
land (address, plan details and title reference)	1893 Comboyne Road, Killabakh NSW 2429 Lot 3 in Deposited Plan 591557 Folio Identifier 3/591557				
	VACANT POSSESS	SION 🗌 subject to ex	sisting tenancies		
improvements	HOUSE garage carport home unit carspace storage space				
attached copies	$\Box$ documents in the Lis	t of Documents as mar	ked or as numbered:		
	$\Box$ other documents:				
_	nt is permitted by <i>legisl</i>	-			
inclusions	air conditioning	Clothes line	fixed floor coverir	_	ange hood
	☐ blinds	curtains	insect screens		solar panels
	🛛 built-in wardrobes	dishwasher	🛛 light fittings		stove
	🛛 ceiling fans	EV charger	pool equipment	٦ 🖂	TV antenna
	🛛 other: Smoke Alarm				
exclusions					
purchaser					
purchaser's solicitor					
price	\$				
deposit	\$		(10% of the price, un	less othe	erwise stated)
balance	\$				
contract date			(if not stated, the o	date this o	contract was made)
Where there is more	e than one purchaser				
	[	☐ tenants in common	□ in unequal shares,	specify:	
GST AMOUNT (option	onal) The price includes (	GST of: \$			

buyer's agent

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

#### SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR		PURCHASER	
Signed by		Signed by	
Vendor		Purchaser	
Vendor		Purchaser	
VENDOR (COMPANY)		PURCHASER (COMPANY	)
<b>Signed</b> by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		<b>Signed</b> by in accordance with s127(1) of authorised person(s) whose sign	the Corporations Act 2001 by the hature(s) appear(s) below:
Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person
Hame of autonacu person	המחופ טו מעווטוושבע אבושטוו		Hame of automocu person
Office held	Office held	Office held	Office held

#### Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	$\boxtimes$ NO	□ yes
Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network (ELN) (clause 4):	PEXA	
Manual transaction (clause 30)	🛛 NO	🗌 yes
		ndor must provide further details, including cable exception, in the space below):

## Tax information (the *parties* promise this is correct as far as each party is aware)

Land tax is adjustable	□ NO	⊠ yes	
GST: Taxable supply	$\bowtie$ NO	$\Box$ yes in full	$\Box$ yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	⊠ NO	□ yes	

This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the following may apply) the sale is:

 $\Box$  not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise that the vendor carries on section 9-5(b))

- $\Box$  by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be registered for GST (section 9-5(d))
- $\square$  GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concern under section 38-325
- GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farm land supplied for farming under Subdivision 38-O
- ⊠ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential premises (sections 40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-1)

Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment	⊠ NO	□ yes (if yes, vendor must provide
(GST residential withholding payment)		details)

If the details below are not fully completed at the contract date, the vendor must provide all these details in a separate notice at least 7 days before the date for completion.

#### GSTRW payment (GST residential withholding payment) - details

Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, sometimes further information will be required as to which entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a partnership, a trust, part of a GST group or a participant in a GST joint venture.

Supplier's name:

Supplier's ABN:

Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):

Supplier's business address:

Supplier's representative:

Supplier's contact phone number:

Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$

## If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each supplier.

Amount purchaser must pay - price multiplied by the GSTRW rate (residential withholding rate): \$

Amount must be paid:  $\Box$  AT COMPLETION  $\Box$  at another time (specify):

If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary consideration: \$

Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO forms):

## List of Documents

List of Documents			
General	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
$\boxtimes$ 1 property certificate for the land	□ 33 property certificate for strata common property		
$\boxtimes$ 2 plan of the land	□ 34 plan creating strata common property		
$\Box$ 3 unregistered plan of the land	□ 35 strata by-laws		
$\Box$ 4 plan of land to be subdivided	$\Box$ 36 strata development contract or statement		
$\Box$ 5 document to be lodged with a relevant plan	□ 37 strata management statement		
$\boxtimes$ 6 section 10.7(2) planning certificate under	□ 38 strata renewal proposal		
Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979	39 strata renewal plan		
<ul> <li>□ 7 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5)</li> </ul>	40 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property		
$\square$ 8 sewerage infrastructure location diagram	□ 41 property certificate for neighbourhood property		
(service location diagram)	□ 42 plan creating neighbourhood property		
$\Box$ 9 sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service	□ 43 neighbourhood development contract		
diagram)	□ 44 neighbourhood management statement		
□ 10 document that created or may have created an	□ 45 property certificate for precinct property		
easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract	$\Box$ 46 plan creating precinct property		
$\Box$ 11 planning agreement	$\Box$ 47 precinct development contract		
□ 12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)	$\Box$ 48 precinct management statement		
□ 13 survey report	<ul> <li>49 property certificate for community property</li> <li>50 plan creating community property</li> </ul>		
□ 14 building information certificate or building	<ul> <li>□ 50 plan creating community property</li> <li>□ 51 community development contract</li> </ul>		
certificate given under legislation	$\Box$ 52 community management statement		
□ 15 occupation certificate	$\Box$ 53 document disclosing a change of by-laws		
16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)	$\Box$ 54 document disclosing a change in a development		
$\Box$ 17 other document relevant to tenancies	or management contract or statement		
$\Box$ 18 licence benefiting the land	□ 55 document disclosing a change in boundaries		
□ 19 old system document	□ 56 information certificate under Strata Schemes		
$\Box$ 20 Crown purchase statement of account	Management Act 2015		
21 building management statement	Management Act 2021		
$\boxtimes$ 22 form of requisitions	□ 58 disclosure statement - off-the-plan contract		
$\Box$ 23 clearance certificate	$\Box$ 59 other document relevant to off-the-plan contract		
□ 24 land tax certificate	Other		
Home Building Act 1989	□ 60		
□ 25 insurance certificate			
□ 26 brochure or warning			
□ 27 evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swimming Pools Act 1992			
□ 28 certificate of compliance			
□ 29 evidence of registration			
□ 30 relevant occupation certificate			
□ 31 certificate of non-compliance			
□ 32 detailed reasons of non-compliance			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

# IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

## WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979.* It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

## WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

3 COI

# Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
  - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
  - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
  - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
  - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
  - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
  - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

# DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

# AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

## WARNINGS

- 1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving: **APA Group NSW Department of Education** Australian Taxation Office **NSW Fair Trading** Owner of adjoining land Council **County Council** Privacv Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory **Department of Primary Industries** Subsidence Advisory NSW **Electricity and gas** Telecommunications Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

#### **Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)** In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean – 1

1.1

	rms (in any form) mean –
adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as
autionsed Subscriber	being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	
Dank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a
husingga day	bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque clearance certificate	a cheque that is not postdated or stale; a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> , that covers
clearance certificate	one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to
completion time	completion; the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor –
deposit-bond	<ul> <li>the issuer;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the expiry date (if any); and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>the amount;</li> </ul>
depositholder	<ul> <li>The amount,</li> <li>vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's</li> </ul>
depositionder	solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose
discharging mongagee	provision of a <i>Digitally Signed</i> discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or
	withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the <i>property</i> to
	be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and
	Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;
electronic transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal
	representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL
	and the participation rules;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared
	and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of
	the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as
	at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the
	TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if
	any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
	General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA
	Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at
$\int$	1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, $1/11$ th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the
0	property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case
0	at or following completion cannot be <i>Digitally Signed</i> ;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the <i>ECNL;</i>
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental
populata	Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the <i>property;</i>
populate	to complete data fields in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> ;

requisition rescind serve settlement cheque	<ul> <li>an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other <i>party</i>;</li> <li>an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and –</li> <li>issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or</li> <li>if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;</li> </ul>
solicitor	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act;
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

## 2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
  - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
    - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*; or
    - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.

## 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -

- 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
- 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
- 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
- This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

## 3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if -
  - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
  - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*
  - 3.9.1 on completion; or
  - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
  - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
  - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
  - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
  - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

## 4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless -
  - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
  - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction -
  - 4.2.1 each *party* must
    - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
    - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
  - 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
  - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
  - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
  - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
  - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
  - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
  - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
  - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
  - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
  - 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
  - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
  - 4.14.1 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by;
  - the *party* entitled to them.

## 5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
  - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
  - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
  - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

## 6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

## 7 Claims by purchaser

*Normally*, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
  - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
    - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
  - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
    - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
    - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
    - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
    - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
    - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

## 8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
  - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
  - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
  - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
  - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
  - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
  - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

## 9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
  - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
  - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

## 9.3 sue the purchaser either –

- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
  - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
  - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

#### 10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
  - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
  - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
  - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
  - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
  - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
  - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
  - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
  - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
  - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

#### 11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

## 12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
  - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
  - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

## 13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
  - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
  - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
  - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
  - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
  - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
  - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
    - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
    - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
  - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
  - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
  - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
    - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
    - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
  - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
  - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
  - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

## 14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and -
  - 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
  - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
  - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
  - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
    - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
    - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
    - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the *parties* must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

#### 15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

## 16 Completion

#### Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

#### Purchaser

16.5.1

16.5.2

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor
  - the price less any -
    - deposit paid;
  - FRCGW remittance payable;
  - GSTRW payment, and
  - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
  - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

## 17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
  - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
  - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 *Normally*, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or *rescind* if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

## 18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
  - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
  - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
  - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
  - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
  - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
  - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
  - If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

## 19 Rescission of contract

18.6

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
  - 19.1.1 only by *serving* a notice before completion; and
    - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
  - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
  - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
  - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
  - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

## 20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
  - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
    - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
    - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
    - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
    - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
    - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
    - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
  - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
  - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
  20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
  - 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
    - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

#### 21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

#### 22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

## 23 Strata or community title

## Definitions and modifications

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

#### 23.2 In this contract – 23.2.1 'chang

- 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
  - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
  - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the property' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
  - normal expenses;
  - due to fair wear and tear;
  - disclosed in this contract; or
  - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

## Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1 -
  - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
  - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
  - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
  - the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by 23.6.1 instalments: and

17

- 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for 23.7 which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation; 23.8.1
  - a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under 23.8.2 clause 6: or
  - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if
  - the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of 23.9.1 the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
  - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
  - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract: or
  - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

## Notices, certificates and inspections

- Before completion, the purchaser must serve a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation 23.10 and signed by the purchaser.
- After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the 23.11 owners corporation.
- The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser. 23.12
- The vendor must serve at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the 23.13 scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after service of the information certificate and 23.14 clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate. 23.15
- The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in 23.16 the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

## Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion –
  - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
  - after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the 23.17.2 purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

#### 24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
  - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
    - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- If a tenant has paid in advance of the adjustment date any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be 24.2 adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion 24.3
  - the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy 24.3.1
    - inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
  - 24.3.2 the vendor must serve any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and 24.3.3
    - normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
      - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required; ٠
      - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
      - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or •
      - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994. •

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
  - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer -
    - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
    - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
    - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
  - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues:
  - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser -
    - at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
    - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
    - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
    - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
    - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
  - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
  - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

## 25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
  - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
  - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must serve a proper abstract of title within 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
  - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
  - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

## 25.5 An abstract of title -

- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title -
  - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
  - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
  - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
  - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
    - 25.7.2 Clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
    - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

#### 26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

#### 27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
  - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
  - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
  - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
  - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

#### 28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
  - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
  - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after *service* of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

## 29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
  - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
  - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
    - either party serving notice of the event happening;
    - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
    - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
  - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
    - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
    - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

## 30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

## Transfer

- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

## • Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
  - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
  - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
  - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

## Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
  - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
  - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
  - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
    - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
    - 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
  - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
    - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
    - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

## 31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
  - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*, and
  - 31.1.2 <u>a clearance certificate</u> in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor serves any clearance certificate or variation, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 business days after that service and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

#### 32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
  - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
  - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

BREACH OF COPYRIGHT MAY RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION

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# **Conditions of Sale by Auction**

Part 3, Clause 18 of the Property and Stock Agents Regulation 2022

- (1) The following conditions are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of land or livestock—
  - (a) the vendor's reserve price must be given in writing to the auctioneer before the auction commences unless the auction relates solely to livestock,
  - (b) a vendor bid must not be made unless the auctioneer has, before the commencement of the auction, announced clearly and precisely the number of vendor bids that may be made,
  - (c) the highest bidder is the purchaser, subject to any reserve price,
  - (d) if there is a disputed bid—
    - (i) the auctioneer is the sole arbitrator, and
    - (ii) the auctioneer's decision is final,
  - (e) the auctioneer may refuse to accept a bid that, in the auctioneer's opinion, is not in the best interests of the vendor,
  - (f) a bidder is taken to be bidding on the bidder's own behalf unless, before bidding, the bidder has given to the auctioneer a copy of a written authority to bid for or on behalf of another person,
  - (g) a bid must not be made or accepted after the fall of the hammer,
  - (h) as soon as practicable after the fall of the hammer the purchaser must sign the agreement for sale, if any.
- (2) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of residential property or rural land—
  - (a) all bidders must be registered in the Bidders Record and display the identifying number allocated to the person when making a bid,
  - (b) subject to the condition prescribed by subsection (3)(a)—
    - (i) the auctioneer may make only 1 vendor bid at an auction for the sale of residential property or rural land, and
    - (ii) no other vendor bid may be made by the auctioneer or another person,
  - (c) immediately before making a vendor bid the auctioneer must announce that the bid is made on behalf of the seller or announce "vendor bid".
- (3) The following conditions, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsections (1) and (2), are prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of co-owned residential property or rural land or the sale of co-owned residential property or rural land by a seller as executor or administrator—
  - (a) more than 1 vendor bid may be made to purchase the interest of a co-owner

- (b) a bid by or on behalf of an executor or administrator may be made to purchase in that capacity,
- (c) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce that bids to purchase the interest of another co-owner or to purchase as executor or administrator may be made by or on behalf of the seller,
- (d) before the commencement of the auction, the auctioneer must announce the bidder registration number of all co-owners, executors or administrators or a person registered to bid on behalf of a co-owner, executor or administrator.
- (4) The following condition, in addition to the conditions prescribed by subsection (1), is prescribed as applicable to the sale by auction of livestock—

The purchaser of livestock must pay the stock and station agent who conducted the auction, or under whose immediate and direct supervision the auction was conducted, or the vendor, the full amount of the purchase price—

- (a) if the amount can reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer before the close of the next business day following the auction, or
- (b) if the amount cannot reasonably be determined immediately after the fall of the hammer—before the close of the next business day following determination of the amount, or
- (c) if some other time for payment is specified in a written agreement between the purchaser and the agent, or the purchaser and the vendor, made before the fall of the hammer—before or at the time specified in the agreement.

## ADDITIONAL CONDITIONS IN CONTRACT FOR THE SALE OF LAND BETWEEN

## Linda Louise Adelstein

(Vendor/s) and

(Purchaser/s)

## **ENTIRE AGREEMENT**

- 1.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that he does not rely on any warranty or representation made by the Vendor or the vendor's Agent except as are expressly provided for in this contract (including the annexures hereto).
- 1.2 The Purchaser further acknowledges that he has relied entirely upon his own enquiries and inspections made before entering into this contract.

## LATENT AND PATENT DEFECTS

- 2.1 The Property is sold in its present condition and state of repair and with all defects, if any, whether latent or patent.
- 2.2 The Purchaser shall not be entitled to make any requisitions, objections or claims for compensation in respect of the condition of the Property.
- 2.3 The Vendor whilst continuing in possession of the Property will use the same with all reasonable care PROVIDED HOWEVER that the Vendor's obligation as to appliances installed upon or within the Property shall be limited to normal repairs maintenance and servicing and not extended to replacement in the event of total breakdown unless such breakdown is occasioned by the neglect or willful damage of the Vendor.
- 2.4 The Purchaser represents and warrants that before entering into this contract, the Purchaser has inspected the Property and agrees to purchase the Property on an 'as is, where is' basis.
- 2.5 Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, the Purchaser shall take Title subject to the existing (or lack of) water, sewerage, drainage, gas, electricity and other installations and services and shall not make any objection thereto or make any requisition or claim for any compensation in respect thereof.

## AMENDMENT TO STANDARD CONDITIONS

- 3.1 General Condition 7.1.1 is amended by deleting "5%" and inserting in its place "1%".
- 3.2 General Condition 8.2 is amended by inserting words "or the Vendor's obligations under the provisions of the Section 52A of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and provided that the Purchaser has given the Vendor a notice in writing of the intention to terminate the contract if the breach is not rectified within 14 days of the service of the written notice and the Vendor does not rectify that breach within the time stipulated in the notice" after a word "contract".
- 3.3 General Condition 13.7.3 is to be inserted as follows:
  - "13.7.3 This clause is an essential term of the Contract and shall not merge on completion."
- 3.4 Substitute paragraph 14.4.2 with "The amount to be adjusted for land tax is the amount

actually assessed in respect of the land by virtue of the ownership of the land by the Vendor".

- 3.5 General Condition 23.5.2 is amended by deleting the words "but is disclosed in this contract".
- 3.6 General Condition 23.6.1 is amended by deleting the word "determined" and inserting in its place the word "due" and deleting the words "even if it is payable by instalments".
- 3.7 General Condition 23.6.2 is amended by deleting the word "determined" and inserting in its place the word "due".
- 3.8 General Condition 23.7 is deleted.
- 3.9 General Condition 23.9.1 is deleted.
- 3.10 General Condition 23.13 is amended by deleting the word "vendor" and replace it with the word "purchaser".
- 3.11 General Condition 23.14 is amended by deleting the numeric "7" and replace it with the numeric "2".
- 3.12 General Condition 23.17 is deleted.
- 3.13 General Condition 25 is deleted.
- 3.14 General Condition 31.4 is deleted.

## PARTICULARS OF TITLE AND TRANSFER

- 4.1 The Purchaser acknowledges that, unless otherwise advised by the Vendor, sufficient particulars of title for the preparation of a transfer of the Land are contained in this contract.
- 4.2 The Purchaser shall not require the Vendor to provide any further Statement of Title.

## PURCHASER'S WARRANTY IN RESPECT OF THE AGENT

5. The Purchaser acknowledges and warrants to the Vendor that he or she was not introduced directly or indirectly to either the Vendor or the property by any person or agent other than the agent referred to on the front page of this contract and the Purchaser hereby agrees to indemnify and keep indemnified the Vendor from and against any claim or demand for commission or remuneration by any such person or agent other than the Vendor's Agent as a result of the Purchasers breach of this warranty. It is acknowledged that this clause shall not merge on completion.

## **INTEREST - DELAYED COMPLETION**

- 6.1 If for any reason except the neglect or default of the Vendor, the purchase is not completed on or before the completion date or the purchase price or any part thereof is not paid on its due date, the Purchaser shall on completion, in addition to the balance of the purchase money, pay interest on the balance of the purchase price from but not including the Completion Date stipulated on this contract to and including either the date of completion or payment or the date of termination (whichever first occurs) at the rate of ten per centum (10%) per annum and any payment is without prejudice and in addition to any other legal remedy the Vendor may have by reason of such default.
- 6.2 It is agreed that this amount is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss of interest from the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.
- 6.3 This clause 6 is an essential term of this Contract.

## NOTICE TO COMPLETE

- 7.1 Completion of this contract shall take place within the time limit stipulated herein. Should completion not take place within that time, then the non-defaulting party shall be at liberty to issue a Notice to Complete on the other party calling for completion within fourteen (14) days from the date of service of such Notice. The parties agree that should such a Notice be issued, the period of fourteen (14) days is deemed to be reasonable and sufficient and in this regard time shall be of the essence. The party that issues the notice shall also be at liberty to withdraw such Notice and re-issue another one at any time.
- 7.2 If the purchaser does not complete by the Completion date through no fault of the vendor and the Vendor serves a Notice to Complete on the purchaser, then the purchaser will pay the sum of \$385.00 (GST inclusive) to the Vendor on completion as reimbursement of the additional legal costs incurred by the Vendor for the preparation and issuing of the Notice to Complete. Payment of this sum is an essential term of this contract.

## **INVESTMENT OF DEPOSIT**

8. If the depositholder is the Vendor's solicitor, the Vendor and Purchaser acknowledge and agree that the deposit will not be invested and will be dealt with in accordance with this contract.

## **REQUISITIONS ON TITLE**

- 9.1 The requisitions to be made by the Purchaser under clause 5.1 shall be in the form of requisitions attached to this contract.
- 9.2 Such requisitions shall be deemed to have been served by the Purchaser on the date of this contract.

## INCAPACITY

- 10. If the Purchaser (and, if comprising more than one person, any one or more of them) before completion:
  - a) If a natural person dies, is found by a Court of competent jurisdiction to be incapable of administering his estate or affairs, commits an act of bankruptcy, is declared bankrupt or enters into a scheme or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, then either party may rescind the Contract and Clause 19 of the Contract shall apply; or
  - b) If a company resolves to go into liquidation, has a summons or application presented or an order made for its winding up, has an official manager or receiver appointed over the whole or part of its assets or undertaking, or enters into a deed of arrangement, assignment or composition for the benefit of creditors, then the Purchaser is in default of this Contract, and the Vendor can terminate this Contract.

## **GUARANTEE**

11. If a company is the purchaser the officers or persons must sign a Guarantee attached to the contract and marked Annexure "A". Signing on behalf of the company or in whose presence its seal is affixed ("the guarantors") jointly and severally guarantee all the obligations of the purchaser under this contract including the payment of the price. The guarantors jointly and severally indemnify the vendor in respect of any default of the purchaser under this contract. This guarantee and indemnity is given by each guarantor as principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this contract between the vendor and the purchaser.

## **SECTION 184 OR SECTION 26 CERTIFICATE**

12. The Vendor authorises the Purchaser to obtain the certificate under the Section 184 of the Strata Scheme Management Act 2015 or the certificate under the Section 26 of the Community Land Management Act 1989. A copy of this certificate must be furnished to the Vendor's representative prior to settlement.

## **DELAYED SETTLEMENT**

13. For each occasion that the settlement does not take place on the scheduled day due to the default of the Purchaser or their mortgagee and through no fault of the Vendor, in addition to any other monies payable by the Purchaser on completion of this Contract, the Purchaser must pay an additional \$275.00 (GST inclusive) on settlement, to cover the legal costs and other expenses incurred as a consequence of the delay.

## ADJUSTMENTS

- 14.1 The parties agree to adjust all usual outgoings and all amounts under the contract on settlement, but if any amount is incorrectly calculated, overlooked or an error has been made in such calculations the parties agree to correct such error and to reimburse each other accordingly after settlement. This clause shall not merge on completion.
- 14.2 The PEXA Transfer Guidelines requires settlement adjustment figures to be provided 5 business days prior to completion. The Purchaser will be required to provide the settlement adjustment sheet and all required authority certificates at least two (2) clear business days before settlement or the Purchaser will allow to the Vendor the sum of \$150.00 plus GST as a genuine pre-estimate of the additional legal expenses.

## **ELECTRONIC SETTLEMENT**

15. If this contract nominates an electronic transaction, the parties agree to settle this sale electronically in accordance and compliance with the Electronic Conveyancing National Law. In the event that the purchaser's solicitor/conveyancer is unable or unwilling to settle this matter on the PEXA Platform, then the purchaser agrees to allow the vendor's solicitor reasonable expenses in the sum of \$350.00 plus GST to attend settlement at either the office of the vendor or the vendor's mortgagee on title. These expenses are a genuine pre-estimate of actual expenses incurred by the vendor's solicitor/conveyancer if settlement does not take place electronically.

## DUTY

16. The purchaser must pay all duty payable on this contract and any document contemplated by this contract under the *Duties Act 1997*, within the time permitted by that Act. This clause does not merge on completion.

## **SECTION 10.7 (2) CERTIFICATE**

17. The Vendor declares and the Purchaser agrees to make no claim, requisition, demand or to seek to rescind this Contract on the basis of the date of issue of the Section 10.7 (2) Certificate, and in particular with regard to the contents therein regarding whether complying development can be carried out on the land.

## WATER AUTHORITY CERTIFICATE

18.1 Annexed hereto is a copy of Sewerage Service Diagram and/or Sewer Reference Sheet issued by the Water Board in relation to the property and the Purchaser shall make no objection,

requisition or claim for compensation in respect of any matter disclosed or referred to in such diagram and/or sheet or should it be established that any roof or surface water drainage is connected to the Water Board's sewer.

\*\*\* If Sewer Service Diagram is not available (e.g. Water Authority is Hunter Water)

18.2 The Vendor discloses and the Purchaser acknowledges that the Sewerage Service Diagram is not available for the subject property as the Water Board does not collect or maintain internal drainage diagrams in the ordinary course of the administration. The Purchaser shall make no objection, requisition or claim for compensation in respect of any matter disclosed herein.

## **BUILDING CERTIFICATE**

- 19. Subject to Section 52A of the *Conveyancing Act 1919* and its Regulations if the Purchaser applies for a building certificate pursuant to Part 6, Division 6.7 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* (and as amended thereafter) (Building Certificate), he must do so at his own cost and:
  - a) If the local council refuses or fails to issue the Building Certificate, that refusal or failure, or the facts upon which such refusal or failure are based, will not be a defect in the Vendor's title to the Property and the Purchaser must take title despite that council's refusal or failure or facts; or
  - b) If the local council requires work to be done on the property as a condition of issuing a Building Certificate, or issues a Building Certificate but requires work to be carried out, the Purchaser must not make any claim against the Vendor nor *terminate* nor delay completion of this Contract because of either requirement.

## EXCHANGE ON ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES

- 20.1 The parties agree and accept, for the purposes of exchange of Contracts, signatures of either the Vendor or the Purchaser which are in the form of electronic signatures as sufficient evidence to proceed to exchange.
- 20.2 Following exchange, the Vendor's representative will email to the Purchaser's representative a copy of the Vendor's signed and dated exchange Contract.
- 20.3 For the purposes of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 (NSW) each party may rely on the electronic version of the dated contract signed by the other party as a binding exchanged Contract.
- 20.4 The parties agree that it will not be necessary to post or otherwise send a hard copy of the exchanged Contract to the other party following exchange provided that the electronic copy has been submitted by the party's legal representative.

## LAND TAX CLEARANCE

21.1 In the event the Vendor serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on the land, the Vendor must on completion (including all penalties, interests relating thereto) make an allowance in favor of Revenue NSW for the purpose making a payment of the land tax liability for this property which shall be paid from the settlement proceeds via the Electronic Lodgment Network nominated herein.

- 21.2 The Vendor shall, within 3 business days following the settlement, provide the Purchaser with an updated land tax certificate confirming the clearance of the liability.
- 21.3 The Purchaser will not require the Vendor to pay the outstanding land tax prior to settlement.
- 21.4 The parties acknowledge and agree that this clause has provided reasonable arrangements for the clearance of land tax at settlement, the Vendor shall not be regarded as not ready, willing and able to complete the contract due to the land tax being outstanding.

## DEPOSIT REQUIRED AT SETTLEMENT

- 22.1 If the Vendor requires the deposit to be made available at completion of the sale of the property to enable the Vendor to complete a simultaneous purchase of another property or to discharge the Vendor's liability or liabilities under any mortgage or caveat registered on title associated with the property, the Purchaser agrees to authorise the deposit holder to have the deposit available at settlement by transferring it to the trust account of Conveyancing Solutions & Legal to enable the deposit money to be uploaded on the Nominated Electronic Lodgement Network for settlement.
- 22.2 Subject to clause 22.1 herein, the selling agent may transfer the deposit money or any part of it as requested by the Vendor to the trust account of Conveyancing Solutions Legal upon written request, without any further authority from the Purchaser or the Purchaser's solicitor or conveyancer.

(SIGNED) Vendor

(SIGNED) Purchaser

# Annexure "A" Director's GuaranteeVendor:Linda Louise AdelsteinPurchaser:Property:1893 Comboyne Road, Killabakh NSW 2429

I, \_\_\_\_\_\_ (the "Guarantor") being Director of \_\_\_\_\_\_ ACN \_\_\_\_\_\_ a Company incorporated in the State of New South Wales ("hereinafter called "the Purchaser") in consideration of \_\_\_\_\_\_ ("the Vendor") at my request agreeing to sell the

property described in this Contract to the Purchaser, DO HEREBY GUARANTEE to the Vendor the due and punctual performance by the Purchaser of all the terms and conditions of the within Contract and do further covenant and agree that I will indemnify and keep the Vendors indemnified against any loss and damage howsoever arising which the Vendors may suffer in consequence of any failure of the Purchaser to perform its obligations under the within Contract.

Where two or more guarantors are named herein their liability under this guarantee shall be joint and several.

The Guarantor acknowledges prior to execution hereunder that he/she has read and understood as evidence by his/her signature hereto the terms and conditions of the Contract for Sale in its entirety.

)

)

## SIGNED by

the Guarantor i	n the	presence of:
-----------------	-------	--------------

Signature

Signature of Witness

Print Name of Witness

SIGNED by ) the Guarantor in the presence of: )

Signature

Signature of Witness

Print Name of Witness

## CERTIFICATE UNDER SECTION 66W CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

L

of

hereby certify as follows:-

- (a) I am a Conveyancer/Solicitor currently licensed/admitted to practice in the State of New South Wales
- (b) This certificate is given in accordance with Section 66W of the Conveyancing Act 1919, with reference to an Agreement for Sale of property at 1893 Comboyne Road, Killabakh NSW 2429 between Linda Louise Adelstein as vendor(s) and

as purchaser(s) in order to waive the cooling off period in relation to that Agreement.

- (c) I do not act for the vendor(s) and am not employed in the practice of a conveyancer or solicitor acting for the vendor(s), nor am I a member or employee of a firm of which a conveyancer or solicitor acting for the vendor(s) is a member or employee.
- (d) I have explained to the purchaser(s):-
  - (i) the effect of the Agreement for Sale of the property;
  - (ii) the nature of this certificate; and
  - (iii) the effect of giving this certificate to the vendor(s).

Dated this day of

2024

SIGNED

#### RURAL LAND REQUISITIONS ON TITLE

Vendor: Linda Louise AdelsteinProperty: 1893 Comboyne Road, Killabakh NSW 2429Purchaser:Dated: 7 May 2024

#### 1. Capacity

Is the vendor under any legal incapacity? (Such as:

- minority
- an order or declaration under the Protected Estates Act 1983 or the Inebriates Act 1912
- bankruptcy or entering a part X arrangement under the Bankruptcy Act 1966
- if the vendor is a company, any notice, an application or order received by the vendor or made at Court for its winding up, or for the appointment of a receiver, an administrator or a controller).

#### 2. Notices and orders

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any notice or order or requirement of any authority or any adjoining owner affecting the property?
  - (Such as:
  - notices from the Rural Lands Protection Board about noxious animals or insects
  - notices from a county council about noxious weeds
  - notices requiring bushfire fire breaks).
- (b) Has any work been done by any authority which might give rise to a notice, order or liability? (such as road works done by local council).
- (c) Has the vendor received any verbal notices from any local council, Rural Lands Protection Board or government authority concerning any proposed action that could affect the property in any way? Please provide particulars

#### 3. Agricultural tenancies, etc

- (a) Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides otherwise.
- Are there any agreements or arrangements which would create a 'tenancy' within the meaning of the definition of 'tenancy' as contained in Section 4 of the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990? (such as farming, grazing, share farming or agistment agreements).
   If yes:
  - (i) The nature of the tenancy;
  - (ii) The date of termination of the tenancy;
  - (iii) Particulars of any written agreement; (please supply a copy)
  - (iv) Particulars of any oral agreement
- (c) If there is an agreement or arrangement as mentioned in sub clause (b) has the tenant carried out any improvements on the property, with or without the vendor's consent, for which the tenant is entitled to compensation from the vendor?
- (d) Has the vendor carried out any improvement on the property for which the tenant is liable to compensate the vendor?
- (e) Are there any unresolved disputes between the owner and a tenant pursuant to an agreement which creates an interest in the land?
- (f) Are there any fixtures on the property to which the tenant may have right to access or removal?
- (g) Are there any details/documents that record the condition of the property at the commencement of the tenancy? If yes, please provide copies.

#### 4. Buildings

- (a) Are there any structures on the property that have not been approved by the local council or which are used for a purpose that has not been so approved?
- (b) Have the provisions of the *Local Government Act*, the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act* and their regulations been complied with?

**Note:** If the answer to any of these questions is 'yes', please supply full details and a copy of all relevant documentation.

- (c) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
- (d) Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
- (e) In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years:
  - (i) please identify the building work carried out;
  - (ii) when was the building work completed?
  - (iii) please state the builder's name and licence number;
  - (iv) please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989.
- (f) Does any building on the property comprise a kit home?
  - If any building on the property comprises a kit home, have the provisions of Section 93 of the *Home Building Act* been complied with? A copy of the relevant insurance certificate should be provided.
- (g) Has there been any complaint or insurance claim made, or any circumstance known to the vendor which may warrant a complaint or insurance claim due to the non-completion, defective work or otherwise from a breach of the statutory warranties under the *Home Building Act* related to residential building work carried out on the property? If so, full details should be provided.

#### 5. Swimming pools

If there is a swimming pool:

- (a) has the pool been approved by the local council?
- (b) does it comply with all the requirements of the *Swimming Pools Act 1992*?
- (c) has a fence been erected around the swimming pool?

#### 6. Rates

- (a) What government, local government or statutory authorities levy rates on the property? (*Such as shire council, Rural Lands Protection Board or a Catchment Management Trust*).
- (b) Has the property been declared 'farmland' for rating purposes under the *Local Government Act* 1993?
- (c) Are there any deferred rates attaching to the property? Please provide particulars.

## 7. Boundary fences

- (a) Are there any give and take fences on the property?
- (b) Are there any boundaries along watercourses and, if so, how are they fenced?
- (c) Are there any notices from neighbours about the erection or repair of any boundary fence?
- (d) Is there any agreement written or oral with any neighbour about the erection or repair of a boundary fence?

#### 8. Soil conservation

- (a)
- (i) Are there any agreements about soil conservation affecting the property?
- (ii) Please provide copies of any licences or agreements.
- (iii) Are there any monies outstanding under any licence or agreement?
- (b) Is the land or any part of it within an area of erosion hazard under the *Soil Conservation Act* 1938?
- (c) Is there any charge affecting the land under section 22(5) the Soil Conservation Act 1938?
- (d) Are there any circumstances known to the vendor that could give rise to soil conservation liabilities in the future?

## 9. Timber

(a)

- (i) Are there any agreements with any authority or anyone else about the felling or removal of timber from the property?
- (ii) Please provide copies of any licences or agreements.
- (iii) Are there any monies outstanding under any licence or agreement?
- (b) Is the vendor aware of any of the following being granted to or held by the vendor or any other person under the *Forestry Act 1916* in respect of the property:
  - (i) timber lease or licence;
  - (ii) products licence;
  - (iii) clearing licence;

- (iv) profit-a-prendre; or
- (v) any other lease, licence, permit, right or interest?
- (c) Is any part of the property in a Catchment Protection Area?

#### 10. Water

- (a) Is the vendor entitled to have water supplied to the property by any authority?
- (b) Is any water available to the property:
  - (i) from any well, bore or any dam that is not wholly on the property; or
  - (ii) under any private water agreement?
- (c)
- (i) Is the land in a water sharing plan area under the Water Management Act 2000?
- (ii) Has the vendor any water rights or any licence, permit or authority under the Water Management Act 2000, or the benefit of any applications for those things that have not been dealt with?
- (d) Is the vendor liable to any authority or to any other person to pay for water or for water rights?
- (e)
- (i) Have any dams or other earthworks been constructed on any water course on the property?
- (ii) If so, was any permission for the construction sought or given by any relevant authority?
- (f) Are there any bore trusts that affect the property?
- (g) Is there a dam on the property with a capacity in excess of 7 megalitres or which is used for irrigation or which is used for watering a commercial crop or an intensive livestock industry, and if so, has the dam been registered with the Department of Infrastructure Planning and Natural Resources and a licence issued for the dam? (Requirement which commenced 1 January 1999). If so, please provide a copy of the licence.

#### 11. Electricity

- (a) Which electricity authority supplies electricity to the property?
- (b) Is there any money owing to that authority for capital works?

#### 12. Access, roads and enclosure permits

- (a) is access to the property at any point over any land other than a main or public road? (Such as a *right of way or access over Rural Land Protection Board property*).
- (b) Are there any rights of way or other easements over the property?
- (c) Is the vendor aware of any proposal or any application or pending applications to close or to purchase any road adjacent to the property?
- (d) Is the vendor aware of any proposed realignment of any road adjacent to the property?
- (e) Is there any main road, public road or Crown road through the property at any point?
- (f) Is there any enclosure permit that attaches to the property?

#### 13. Rural workers accommodation

- (a) Is there any building situated on the land for the accommodation of rural workers?
- (b) If so:
  - (i) has the *Rural Workers Accommodation Act 1969* been complied with;
  - (ii) has a certificate of compliance been issued under Section 9 of that Act; and
  - (iii) is there an exemption from compliance under Section 12 of that Act?
- (c) Is the vendor aware of any notice, prosecution or proceeding under that Act that has been instituted or threatened against the vendor or any previous owner of the property?

## 14. Stock diseases

- (a) Are there any quarantine or other notices or orders or undertakings relating to stock on the property including stock on agistment or stock not owned by the vendor? (Such as *notices or orders made about anthrax, lice, brucellosis or footrot, Ovine Johnes Disease (OJD) or Bovine Johnes Disease (BJD)*).
- (b) Is the property or adjoining lands suspect or under surveillance (including property separated by a road or laneway) infected, suspect or under surveillance by the National OJD Control and Evaluation Programme?
- (c) Is the property in a protected zone?

#### 15. Pollution

- (a) Are there any sheep or other stock dips, whether used or disused, on the property?
- (b) Are there any outstanding notices or orders under the *Environmentally Hazardous Chemicals Act 1985*?
- (c) Has the vendor or any tenant, share farmer or previous owner used any chemicals on the property that could give rise to any problems with chemical residues under the *Stock (Chemical Residues) Act 1975*?
- (d) Has any Investigation Order been made under Section 17(1) or a Remediation Order been made under Section 23(1) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* (commenced on 1 September 1998)?
- (e) Is there, or has there ever been, any underground fuel tank on the property? If so, please supply full information about where it is, or was, situated, and if it is still in use or not, and if not, has it been emptied of fuel and filled with water. Also, has there been any above ground fuel tank which may have leaked, causing soil pollution?

#### 16. Effluent Disposal Systems

- (a) Is there a septic sewage disposal system on the property? If so, please supply evidence of registration of it with the local council.
- (b) If there is no septic sewage disposal system and there is a house on the property, please supply details of the effluent disposal system used and evidence of registration with the local council.

#### 17. Resumptions

Is the vendor aware of any resumption, proposed resumption or proposed purchase of the property by any public authority? (*Such as National Parks and Wildlife Act*).

#### 18. Fixtures

Are there any fixtures or inclusions in the sale that are not owned by the vendor free of any encumbrances?

#### 19. Agreements or disagreements affecting the property

- (a) is the vendor aware of any agreements with anyone else affecting the property? (*Such as sharefarming, timber getting, trail-bike riding*).
- (b) Are there any legal proceedings pending or not concluded that involve the property in any way?

#### 20. Crown land

- (a) Are there any amounts owing to the Crown for rent or for balance of purchase moneys? If so, please supply full details.
- (b) Is there any application or pending application to the Crown for conversion or purchase from the Crown? If so, please advise the status of the application or pending application.

#### 21. Pipelines

Is the vendor aware of any licence, permit or easement for any pipeline over the property, either under the *Pipelines Act 1967* or otherwise?

#### 22. National Parks and Wildlife

- (a) Is there any interim protection order in force over any part of the property under Section 91B of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*?
- (b) Is there a conservation agreement affecting the property, or any part of it, under Section 69B of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*?

#### 23. Native Vegetation

- (a) Is the land subject to a Native Vegetation Agreement?
- (b) Has the vendor carried out, or caused to be carried out, on the property any clearing of native vegetation as defined in the *Native Vegetation Conservation Act 1997 (the Act)*?
- (c) If so:
  - (i) was clearing carried out pursuant to a development consent or a Regional Vegetation Management Plan approved under the Act?
  - (ii) was clearing carried out in accordance with the terms and conditions of that consent or plan?

- (iii) has clearing allowed by the consent or the plan been completed?
- (d) Has the vendor, or any previous owner, ever made any application to clear native vegetation under the Act or under State Environmental Planning Policy (S.E.P.P.) 46 in force from 10 August 1995? Is so, what was the result of that application?
- (e) Has the Director General of the Department of Land and Water Conservation made any 'stop work' order under Section 46 or given directions for remedial work under Section 47?
- (f) Has the vendor, or any previous owner, ever been prosecuted for clearing native vegetation illegally?
- (g) Is there a Regional Vegetation Management Plan in force?

#### 24. Threatened Species

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any endangered or vulnerable species or endangered populations or endangered ecological communities as defined in the *Threatened Species Conservation Act* 1995 on the property?
- (b) In reference to the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* are there, or has there ever been, that the vendor knows of, any of the following relating to the property:
  - (i) critical habitat declared under Section 47 and notified on the Register kept by the Director General of the National Parks and Wildlife Service under Section 55?
  - (ii) any recovery plan published under Section 67?
  - (iii) any draft threat abatement plan published under Section 84?
  - (iv) any licence to harm or pick threatened species population or ecological communities or damage habitat, granted under Section 91?
  - (v) any species impact statement prepared either for the purposes of the *Threatened* Species Conservation Act in accordance with Section 110 or for the purposes of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979?
  - (vi) any stop work order made by the Director General under Section 114 or any interim protection order made under Part 6A of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974*?
- (c) If the answer is Yes to any of these, please supply full details.

#### 25. Native Title

- (a) Is the vendor aware of any Native Title claim lodged and/or sustained under either the *Commonwealth* or *New South Wales Native Title Acts*?
- (b) If so, has the vendor filed an interest to be involved in the determination of such claim under either the Commonwealth or NSW legislation?
- (c) If the land is a lease from the Crown, has the use purpose of the lease been altered since 1 January 1994 or is it in the process of being altered? If so, please provide a copy of the undertaking from the Crown not to seek from the lessee any reimbursement of compensation payable by the Crown to the Native Title holders.

#### 26. Aboriginal Sites

- (a) Has the vendor or any predecessor in title entered into a voluntary or compulsory Conservation agreement concerning Aboriginal sites or relics? If so, please provide a copy of that agreement/s.
- (b) Is the vendor aware of any aboriginal places or relics on any part of the property?

## 27. Environment

(a) Has the vendor undertaken any activity that constitutes a 'controlled action' under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act*?

#### 28. Documents to be handed over on settlement

- (a) If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- (b) Please list any documents to be handed over on settlement in addition to the title deed, transfer and discharge of any mortgage.



REGISTRY Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 3/591557

\_ \_ \_ \_ \_

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
6/5/2024	10:17 AM	6	6/10/2021

### LAND

LOT 3 IN DEPOSITED PLAN 591557 LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA MID-COAST PARISH OF MARSH COUNTY OF MACQUARIE TITLE DIAGRAM DP591557

FIRST SCHEDULE

LINDA LOUISE ADELSTEIN

(T AR493564)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1 LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- 2 AR493565 MORTGAGE TO COMMONWEALTH BANK OF AUSTRALIA

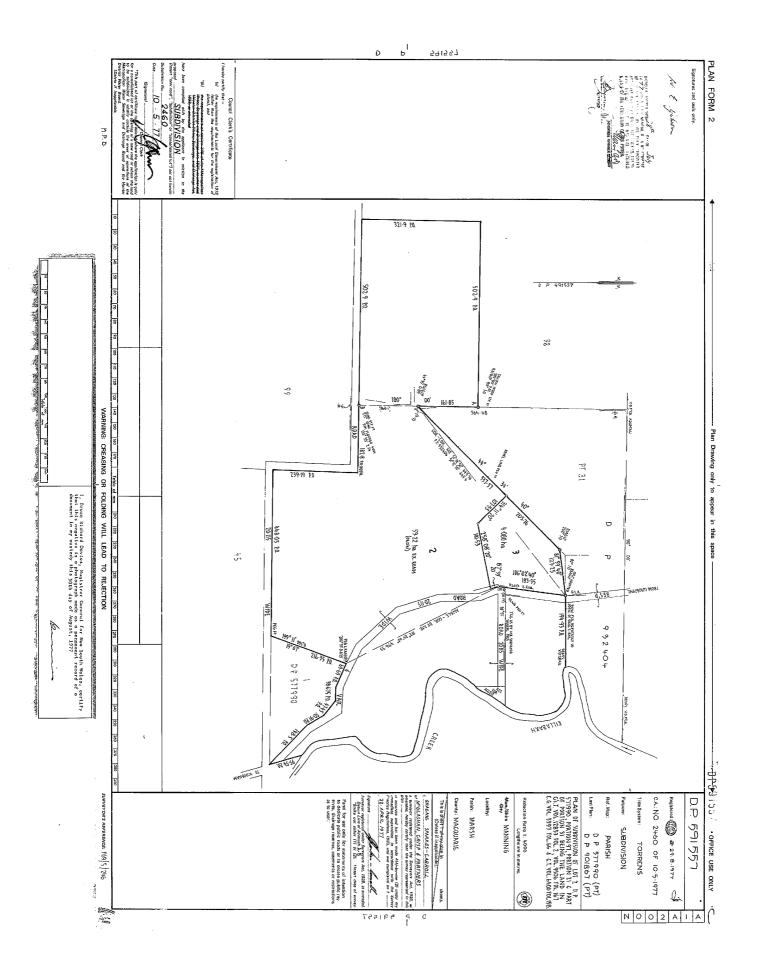
#### NOTATIONS

#### -----

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

\*\*\* END OF SEARCH \*\*\*

\* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



Req:R352450 /Doc:DP 0591557 P /Rev:05-Sep-1992 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:06-May-2024 10:18 /Seq:1 of 1 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:TRISearch /Ref:17690



### PLANNING CERTIFICATE

### Information provided pursuant to SCHEDULE 2 of the Environment Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021

APPLICANT:	Conveyancing Solutions PO Box 1502 BONDI JUNCTION NSW 1355	
Certificate No:	PC2024/1592	
Certificate Date:	07/05/2024	
Property:	1893 Comboyne Road KILLABAKH NSW 2429	
Title:	Lot 3 DP 591557	
Land No:	651116	
Applicant's Ref:	AT17690	

### IMPORTANT: Please read this certificate carefully.

The information provided in this certificate relates only to the land described above. If you need information about an adjoining property or nearby land, a separate certificate will be required.

All information provided is correct as at the date above. Please note, it is possible for changes to occur within a short time and we recommend you only rely upon a very recent certificate.

For more information on this Planning Certificate please contact our Customer Experience team on 02 7955 7777.

Adrian Panuccio GENERAL MANAGER

### **SECTION 10.7(2)**

The following matters relate to the land, as required by section 10.7(2) of the *Environmental Planning* and Assessment Act (1979) ("the Act") and clause 284 and Schedule 2 of the *Environment Planning* and Assessment Regulation 2021.

### ITEM 1 – Names of relevant planning instruments and Development Control Plans

1. The following environmental planning instruments and development control plans apply to the carrying out of development on the land:

### **State Environmental Planning Policies**

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Regional) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Sustainable Buildings) 2022 State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021

Detailed information on the local environmental plans and State Environmental Planning Policies listed in this certificate is available at *NSW Legislation – In force* legislation.

### **Local Environmental Plans**

Greater Taree Local Environmental Plan 2010

### **Development Control Plans**

Greater Taree Development Control Plan 2010

2. The following proposed environmental planning instruments and draft development control plans are or have been the subject of community consultation or on public exhibition under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, apply to the carrying out of development on the land and:

### a) Draft environmental planning instruments

### (i) State Environmental Planning Policies

Housing State Environmental Planning Policy amendments: Changes to rules associated with In-fill affordable housing, social and affordable housing, group homes and hostels, temporary supportive accommodation, seniors independent living units, boarding houses and seniors housing – exhibition 22/11/2022 to 13/1/2023

### (ii) Planning Proposal for a Local Environmental Plan

In accordance with section 1(2) of Schedule 2 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, the following proposed LEP(s) apply to the land. The following LEP has been the subject of community consultation or has been placed on public exhibition:

Draft MidCoast Local Environmental Plan

Detailed information on the draft MidCoast Local Environmental Plan is available on the NSW Government's *Current LEP Propo*sals website; or Mid-Coast Council's website.

#### b) Draft Development Control Plans

No draft development control plans apply to the land.

Information on the draft State Environmental Planning Policies listed in this certificate including any Explanation of Intended Effects for proposed State Environmental Planning Policies is available on the Planning NSW website.

Detailed information on draft environmental planning instruments is available at the Planning NSW website or Mid-Coast Council's website.

### **ITEM 2 – Zoning and land use under relevant planning instruments**

For each environmental planning instrument or proposed instrument referred to in clause 1 (other than a State Environmental Planning Policy or proposed State Environmental Planning Policies)

### (a)-(b) Zone and Land Use Table from Local Environmental Plan

#### Zone RU1 Primary Production - (Greater Taree LEP 2010)

#### 1 Objectives of zone

- To encourage sustainable primary industry production by maintaining and enhancing the natural resource base.
- To encourage diversity in primary industry enterprises and systems appropriate for the area.
- To minimise the fragmentation and alienation of resource lands.
- To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.

- To permit small scale rural tourism uses associated with primary production and environmental conservation with minimal impact on primary production and the scenic amenity of the area.
- To maintain the rural landscape character of the land.
- To protect and enhance the native flora, fauna and biodiversity links.
- To secure a future for agriculture in the area by minimising the fragmentation of rural land and loss of potential agricultural productivity.

### 2 Permitted without consent

Extensive agriculture; Forestry; Home occupations; Intensive plant agriculture

### 3 Permitted with consent

Agriculture; Airstrips; Animal boarding or training establishments; Aquaculture; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Cellar door premises; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Community facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Flood mitigation works; Helipads; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Intensive livestock agriculture; Jetties; Marinas; Markets; Mooring pens; Moorings; Open cut mining; Plant nurseries; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (outdoor); Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Sewerage systems; Timber yards; Veterinary hospitals; Waste or resource management facilities; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities

### 4 Prohibited

Livestock processing industries; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 3

Detailed information on the land zone mapping is available at the NSW Planning Portal, Spatial Viewer; or Mid-Coast Council's website.

**Note**: Please be advised that waterways move over time. Consequently, if the property is affected by Zone W1 (Natural Waterways) or W2 (Recreational Waterways), or within close proximity to this zone, a surveyor may need to undertake a survey to ascertain the current property boundaries.

### (c) Additional permitted uses

No environmental planning instrument applies additional permitted use provisions to this land.

**Note:** Detailed information on the local environmental plan is available at NSW Legislation – Inforce legislation.

# (d) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions.

A minimum subdivision lot size may apply to this land under clause 4.1 in the abovementioned Local Environmental Plan. The minimum lot size will be specified in the Minimum Lot Size Map which is available on the NSW Planning Portal.

Additional controls may apply to the land that allow an exception to the minimum lot size prescribed under clause 4.1 of the Local Environmental Plan.

### (e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

No, the land is not identified in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.* 

### (f) Is the land within a conservation area, however described? Note: excluding conservation areas otherwise identified under Item 15 – Property vegetation plans; Item 16 – biodiversity stewardship site; or Item 17 – biodiversity certified land.

No, the land is not identified as being within a conservation area.

### (g) Is there an item of environmental heritage in a local environmental plan?

No environmental planning instrument identifies an item of environmental heritage on the land.

**Note**: An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed on the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may be situated on the land. The Department of Planning and Environment, Biodiversity and Conservation Division maintains the AHIMS.

### (a)-(b) Zone and Land Use Table in draft local environmental plan

In accordance with section 1(2) of Schedule 2 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021*, the following proposed LEP(s) apply to the land. The following LEP has been the subject of community consultation or has been placed on public exhibition:

#### Draft MidCoast LEP 2024

Under the draft MidCoast Local Environmental Plan the following matters apply to the land:

#### **Draft Zone RU4 Primary Production Small Lots**

#### 1 Objectives of zone

- To enable sustainable primary industry and other compatible land uses.
- To encourage and promote diversity and employment opportunities in relation to primary industry enterprises, particularly those that require smaller lots or that are more intensive in nature.
- To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.
- To provide for rural tourism in association with the primary industry production capability of the land which is based on the rural attributes of the land.
- To promote productive rural landscapes by minimising the fragmentation of rural land.
- To maintain the rural landscape character of the land.

### 2 Permitted without consent

Environmental protection works; Extensive agriculture; Home businesses; Home occupations

### 3 Permitted with consent

Agritourism; Airstrips; Animal boarding or training establishments; Aquaculture; Artisan food and drink industries; Boat launching ramps; Boat sheds; Camping grounds; Car parks; Cellar door premises; Cemeteries; Charter of tourism boating facilities; Community facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Dual occupancies; Dwelling houses; Eco-tourist facilities; Educational establishments; Electricity generating works; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Flood mitigation works; Forestry; Function centres; Group homes; Health service facilities; Helipads; Home-based child care; Home industries; Home occupations (sex services); Information and education facilities; Intensive livestock agriculture, Intensive plant agriculture; Jetties; Landscaping material supplies; Markets, Moorings; Open cut mining; Places of public worship; Plant nurseries; Public administration buildings; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (major); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Respite day care centres; Research stations; Roads; Roadside stalls; Rural industries; Rural supplies; Rural workers' dwellings; School-based child care; Secondary dwellings; Sewerage systems; Signage; Telecommunications facilities; Timber yards; Tourist and visitor accommodation; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Waste or resource management facilities; Waste or resource transfer stations; Water recreation structures; Water supply systems; Wharf or boating facilities; Any development not specified in item 2 or 4

### 4 Prohibited

Airports; Air transport facilities; Amusement centres; Backpackers' accommodation; Brothels; Caravan parks; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Early education and care facilities; Entertainment facilities; Exhibition homes; Exhibition villages; Freight transport facilities; Funeral homes; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Heavy Industries; Health services facilities; Heliports; Highway service centres; Hotel or motel accommodation; Industrial retail outlets; Industrial training facilities; Industries; Kiosks; Local distribution premises; Marinas; Mooring pens; Mortuaries; Neighbourhood shops; Passenger transport facilities; Port facilities; Recreation facilities (indoor); Registered clubs; Residential accommodation; Restaurants or cafes; Restricted premises; Storage premises; Serviced apartments; Service stations; Sex services premises; Shops; Warehouse or distribution centres; Wholesale supplies

Detailed information on the land zone mapping is available at the NSW Planning Portal, Spatial Viewer; or Mid-Coast Council's website.

**Note**: Please be advised that waterways move over time. Consequently, if the property is affected by Zone W1 (Natural Waterways) or W2 (Recreational Waterways), or within close proximity to this zone, a surveyor may need to undertake a survey to ascertain the current property boundaries.

### (c) Whether additional permitted uses apply to the land.

No draft environmental planning instrument applies additional permitted use provisions to this land.

# (d) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house on the land and, if so, the fixed minimum land dimensions.

A minimum subdivision lot size may apply to this land under clause 4.1 in the draft MidCoast Local Environmental Plan. The minimum lot size will be specified in the Minimum Lot Size Map which is available on the NSW Planning Portal.

Additional controls may apply to the land that allow an exception to the minimum lot size prescribed under clause 4.1 of the draft MidCoast Local Environmental Plan.

### (e) Is the land in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016?

No, the land is not identified in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act.

(f) Is the land within a draft conservation area (however described)? Note: excluding conservation areas otherwise identified under Item 15 – Property vegetation plans; Item 16 – biodiversity stewardship site; or Item 17 – biodiversity certified land.

No planning proposal for a local environmental plan includes an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* on the land.

(g) Is there a draft item of environmental heritage in a planning proposal for a local environmental plan?

No planning proposal for a local environmental plan includes a draft item of environmental heritage on the land.

### **ITEM 3 – Contributions plans**

(1) The name of each contributions plan under the Act, Division 7.1 applying to the land, including draft contributions plans.

Greater Taree Section 94A Contributions Plan 2016 No draft contribution plans apply to the land.

#### (2) If the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Division 7.1, the name of the area.

No, the land is not in a special contributions area.

**Note:** In addition to the above developer contribution plans, Development Servicing Plans for water and sewer connection may be applicable, attracting additional contributions for the development, particularly where development will connect to water and/or sewer services.

### ITEM 4 – Complying Development

(1) If the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the complying development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.17A(1)(c)–(e), (2), (3) or (4), 1.18(1)(c3) or 1.19.

The following Complying Development Codes *may* allow complying development to be carried out on land in the following land uses zones:

- Complying Development under (Part 3) Housing Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: R1 General Residential; R2 Low Density Residential; R3 Medium Density Residential; R4 High Density Residential; RU5 Village.
- Complying Development under (Part 3A) Rural Housing Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: R5 Large Lot Residential; RU1 Primary Production; RU2 Rural Landscape; RU3 Forestry; RU4 Primary Production Small Lots; RU6 Transition.
- Complying Development under (Part 3B) Low Rise Housing Diversity code may be carried out on land within the following zones: R1 General Residential; R2 Low Density Residential; R3 Medium Density Residential; RU5 Village.
- Complying Development under (Part 3C) Greenfield Housing Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: R1 General Residential; R2 Low Density Residential; R3 Medium Density Residential; R4 High Density Residential; RU5 Village.
- Complying Development under (Part 3D) Inland Code does not apply to land within the Mid-Coast local government area.
- Complying Development under (Part 4) Housing Alterations Code may be carried out on land within any zone.
- Complying Development under (Part 4A) General Development Code may be carried out on land within any zone.
- Complying Development under (Part 5) Industrial and Business Alterations Code may be carried out on land within any zone.
- Complying Development under (Part 5A) Industrial and Business Buildings Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: E1 Local Centre; E2 Commercial Centre; E3 Productivity Support; E4 General Industrial; E5 Heavy Industrial; MU1 Mixed Use; W4 Working Waterfront; SP3 Tourist.
- Complying Development under (Part 5B) Container Recycling Facilities Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: E1 Local Centre; E2 Commercial Centre; E3 Productivity Support; E4 General Industrial; E5 Heavy Industrial; MU1 Mixed Use; W4 Working Waterfront; SP3 Tourist.
- Complying Development under (Part 6) Subdivisions Code may be carried out on land within any zone.
- Complying Development under (Part 7) Demolition Code may be carried out on land within any zone.
- Complying Development under (Part 8) Fire Safety Code may be carried out on land within any zone.

• Complying Development under (**Part 9**) Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code may be carried out on land within the following zones: RU1 Primary Production; RU2 Rural Landscape; RU4 Primary Production Small Lots.

## (2) The complying development may not be carried out on the land because of the following provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 of the Policy.

The provisions of Clauses 1.17A(1)(c) to (e), (2), (3) and (4), 1.18(1)(c3) and 1.19 are not identified on the land. Complying development may be undertaken in accordance with the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* as amended.

**Note:** This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. If an identification, restriction or characteristic of land referred to above is not located on or does not comprise, the whole of the relevant land, complying development may be carried out on any part of the land not so identified, restricted or characterised.

**Note:** Information regarding whether the property is affected by flood related development controls or is bushfire prone land is identified in other sections of this certificate. If your property is identified as being impacted by bushfire or flooding, a specific technical assessment of these issues will be required as part of any Complying Development Certificate application under the State Environment Planning Policy, or a development application for any other type of development requiring consent from Council.

**Note:** Despite any references above advising that Complying Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Complying Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of *State Environment Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.* It is necessary to review the State Environment Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of complying development may be undertaken on the land.

#### (3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land, and that council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which complying development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Any of the following restrictions may also apply to the land, however, Mid-Coast Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain whether these restrictions apply or how this may affect the extent to which complying development may be carried out:

## **1.17A(1)** Requirements for complying development for all environmental planning instruments:

- (c) land that is, or is part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of the *Wilderness Act* 1987),
  - or
- (d) (i) land that comprises an item that is listed on the State Heritage Register under the *Heritage Act 1977* or on which such an item is located, or
- (d) (ii) land subject to an interim heritage order under that Act or on which is located an item that is so subject, or

- (e) land within an environmentally sensitive area.
  - Cl.1.5 Interpretation general environmentally sensitive area means any of the following-
  - (g) land identified in this or any other environmental planning instrument as being of high Aboriginal cultural significance or high biodiversity significance.
- (e) land within an environmentally sensitive area.
  - Cl.1.5 Interpretation general environmentally sensitive area means any of the following-
  - (i) land reserved or dedicated under the *Crown Land Management Act 2016* for the preservation of flora, fauna, geological formations or for other environmental protection purposes.
- (e) land within an environmentally sensitive area.
  - Cl.1.5 Interpretation general environmentally sensitive area means any of the following-
  - (j) land identified as being critical habitat under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995* or Part 7A of the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*.

### 1.17A(3) Requirements for complying development for all environmental planning instruments:

If an item listed on the State Heritage Register is not located on, or does not comprise, the whole of the relevant land, subclause (1)(d) applies only to the part of the land that is described and mapped on that register.

### 1.17A(4) Requirements for complying development for all environmental planning instruments:

If an item not listed on the State Heritage Register but identified as an item of environmental heritage in an environmental planning instrument does not comprise, or is not located on, the whole of the relevant land, subclause (1)(d) applies only to the part of the land that is described and mapped on that instrument.

# 1.19(1) Specific land exemptions for Housing Code, Inland Code, Low Rise Housing Diversity Code, Rural Housing Code, Greenfield Housing Code, Agritourism and Farm Stay Accommodation Code:

- (b) reserved for a public purpose by an environmental planning instrument, or
- (e) identified by an environmental planning instrument as being—
   (ii) within a river front area, or
   (iii) within an ecologically sensitive area, or
- (i) declared to be a special area under the Water NSW Act 2014, or
- (j) unsewered land-
  - (ii) in any other drinking water catchment identified in any other environmental planning instrument.

## 1.19(4) Specific land exemptions for Housing Alterations Code and General Development Code:

To be complying development specified for the Housing Alterations Code or the General Development Code, the development must not be carried out on unsewered land—

(b) in any other drinking water catchment identified in any other environmental planning instrument.

### 1.19(5) Specific land exemptions for Industrial and Business Buildings Code:

- (b) land that is reserved for a public purpose in an environmental planning instrument, or
- (f) land identified by an environmental planning instrument as being-
  - (ii) within a river front area, or
  - (iii) within an ecologically sensitive area, or
- (i) unsewered land-
  - (ii) in any other drinking water catchment identified in any other environmental planning instrument.

## (4) If the complying development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

There are no variations to the exempt development codes within the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* that apply in the Mid-Coast local government area.

For further information on complying development, please refer to the Planning NSW website.

### ITEM 5 – Exempt Development

- 1) If the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the exempt development codes under State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008, because of that Policy, clause 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A.
  - General Exempt Development Code Under the provisions of the General Exempt Development Code, exempt development may be carried out on the land if it meets the requirements for that exempt development.
  - Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code Under the provisions of the Advertising and Signage Exempt Development Code, exempt development may be carried out if it meets the requirements of that exempt development.
  - **Temporary Uses and Structures Exempt Development Code** Under the provisions of the Temporary Uses and Structure Exempt Development Code, exempt development may be carried out if it meets the requirements for that exempt development.

**Note:** This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. Despite any references above advising that Exempt Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Exempt Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.* It is necessary to review the State Environmental Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of exempt development may be undertaken on the land.

## 2) If exempt development may not be carried out on the land because of 1 of those clauses, the reasons why it may not be carried out under the clause.

### 1.16 General requirements for exempt development

- (1) To be exempt development for the purposes of this Policy, the development—
  - (a) must meet the relevant deemed-to-satisfy provisions of the *Building Code of Australia*, or if there are no such relevant provisions, must be structurally adequate, and
  - (b) must not, if it relates to an existing building, cause the building to contravene the *Building Code of Australia*, and
    - (b1) must not be carried out on land that is a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* or declared critical habitat under Part 7A of the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*, and
    - (b2) must not be carried out on land that is, or is part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of Wilderness Act 1987), and
  - (c) must not be carried out on land that is, or on which there is, an item that is listed on the State Heritage Register under the *Heritage Act 1977*, or that is subject to an interim heritage order under that Act, and
  - (d) must not be carried out on land that is described or otherwise identified on a map specified in Schedule 4.
    - (1A) Despite subclause (1)(c), if development meets the requirements and standards specified by this Policy and that development—
      - (a) has been granted an exemption under section 57(2) of the Heritage Act 1977, or
      - (b) is subject to an exemption under section 57(1A) or (3) of that Act.

The development is exempt development under this Policy.

- (1B) If an item listed on the State Heritage Register is not located on, or does not comprise, the whole of the relevant land, subclause (1)(c) applies only to the part of the land that is described and mapped on that register.
- (1C) If an item not listed on the State Heritage Register but identified as an item of environmental heritage in an environmental planning instrument does not comprise, or is not located on, the whole of the relevant land, any restriction on carrying out development on the relevant land on which the item is located applies only to the part of the land that is described and mapped on that instrument.

- (2) Development that relates to an existing building that is classified under the Building Code of Australia as class 1b or class 2–9 is exempt development for the purposes of this Policy only if—
  - (a) the building has a current fire safety certificate or fire safety statement, or
  - (b) no fire safety measures are currently implemented, required or proposed for the building.
- (3) To be exempt development for the purposes of this Policy, the development must-
  - (a) be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, if applicable, and
  - (b) not involve the removal or pruning of a tree or other vegetation that requires a permit, approval or development consent, unless the removal or pruning is carried out in accordance with the permit, approval or development consent.

**Example** — A permit or approval may be required under *State Environmental Planning Policy* (*Biodiversity and Conservation*) 2021, Chapter 2 or other legislation.

(4) (Repealed)

### 1.16A Exempt development on land within 18 kilometres of Siding Spring Observatory

Clauses 1.15 and 1.16 and Part 2 apply to development on land that is less than 18 kilometres from the Siding Spring Observatory, but only if—

(a) the development does not have, and will not require, any form of lighting, and

(b) the development is not development that is specified in any of the following provisions of Division 1 of Part 2—

- (i) Subdivision 6 Balconies, decks, patios, pergolas, terraces and verandahs,
- (ii) Subdivision 10 Carports,
- (iii) Subdivision 10A Change of use of premises,
- (iv) Subdivision 10B Change of use of places of public worship,
- (v) Subdivision 16 Farm buildings (other than stock holding yards, grain silos and grain bunkers),
- (v1) Subdivision 16A Stock holding yards not used for sale of stock,
- (v2) Subdivision 16B Grain silos and grain bunkers,
- (vi) Subdivision 24 Landscaping structures,
- (vii) Subdivision 27 Minor building alterations (external),
- (viii) Subdivision 27A Mobile food and drink outlets,
- (ix) Subdivision 37 Skylights, roof windows and ventilators.

Yes, Exempt Development may be undertaken in the Mid-Coast local government area.

There is no land within the Mid-Coast local government area identified:

- 1.16 (b1) as a declared area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* or declared critical habitat under Part 7A of the *Fisheries Management Act 1994*, and
- 1.16(b2) as, or part of, a wilderness area (within the meaning of Wilderness Act 1987), and
- 1.16(d) described or otherwise identified on a map specified in Schedule 4 Land excluded from the General Exempt Development Code.
- 1.16A within 18 kilometres of Siding Spring Observatory.

**Note:** This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. Despite any references above advising that Exempt Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Exempt Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.* It is necessary to review the State Environmental Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of exempt development may be undertaken on the land.

## 3) If the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land, a statement that—

# (a) a restriction applies to the land, but it may not apply to all of the land (b) the council does not have sufficient information to ascertain the extent to which exempt development may or may not be carried out on the land.

Mid-Coast Council does not have sufficient information to ascertain whether the land is listed on the State Heritage Register under the *Heritage Act 1977*, or subject to an interim heritage order under that Act.

**Note:** This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. Despite any references above advising that Exempt Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Exempt Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.* It is necessary to review the State Environmental Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of exempt development may be undertaken on the land.

## 4) If the exempt development codes are varied, under that Policy, clause 1.12, in relation to the land.

There are no variations to the exempt development codes within the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008* that apply in the Mid-Coast local government area.

**Note:** This information needs to be read in conjunction with the whole of the State Environment Planning Policy. Despite any references above advising that Exempt Development may be undertaken on the land, certain Exempt Development may be precluded from occurring on the land due to requirements contained in the remainder of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.* It is necessary to review the State Environmental Planning Policy in detail to ensure that specific types of exempt development may be undertaken on the land.

### **ITEM 6 – Affected building notices and building product rectification orders**

- 1) Whether the council is aware that—
  - (a) an affected building notice is in force in relation to the land, or

No.

(b) a building product rectification order is in force in relation to the land that has not been fully complied with, or

No.

(c) a notice of intention to make a building product rectification order given in relation to the land is outstanding.

No.

**Note:** In this section, affected building notice has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017, Part 4. Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017.

### **ITEM 7 – Land reserved for acquisition**

Whether an environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by an authority of the State, as referred to in the Act, section 3.15.

#### State Environmental Planning Policies

Council is unable to provide any site-specific information on the provisions of any State Environmental Planning Policy regarding the acquisition of land. Information on State Environmental Planning Policies listed in this certificate is available at *NSW Legislation – In force* legislation.

#### **Draft State Environmental Planning Policies**

Council is unable to provide site-specific information on the provisions of any draft State Environmental Planning Policy regarding the acquisition of land. Information on the draft State Environmental Planning Policies listed in this certificate is available on the Planning NSW website.

#### Local Environmental Plan

No, the land is not identified in the Land Reserved for Acquisition map of the local environmental plan.

#### Planning Proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or Amendment

No, the land is not identified in the Land Acquisition Layer of a proposed local environmental plan.

### ITEM 8 – Road widening and road realignment

### Whether the land is affected by road widening or road realignment under—

### (a) the Roads Act 1993, Part 3, Division 2, or

No, Council has not been notified that the land is affected by road widening or realignment under the *Roads Act 1993, Part 3, Division 2*.

#### (b) an environmental planning instrument, or

No, the land is not identified as being affected by a proposed road widening or realignment in the local environmental plan.

### (c) a resolution of the council.

No, the land is not identified by a resolution of Council as being affected by a proposed road widening or realignment.

**Note:** This item relates to Council's road proposals only. Other authorities, including the NSW Roads and Traffic Authority may have road widening proposals.

### **ITEM 9 – Flood related development controls**

### 1. If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.

The land is not located in a Flood Study Area therefore it is unknown if flood related development controls apply.

### 2. If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.

The land is not located in a Flood Study Area therefore it is unknown if flood related development controls associated with an identified Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) apply.

**Note:** In this section, *flood planning area* has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual. *Floodplain Development Manual* means the *Floodplain Development Manual* (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005. *Probable maximum flood* has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

**Note:** The information provided in Item 9 is based on the data and information presently available to the Council and on development controls in force as at the date of this certificate. The identification of land as not being subject to flood related development controls does not mean that the land is not, or may not be, subject to flooding or that the land will not in the future be subject to flood related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

Details relating to flood risk and flood planning levels may be provided on a Flood Level Certificate. The application form is available in the Forms Library on Council's website.

### ITEM 10 – Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

Whether any of the land is affected by an adopted policy that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bush fire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils, contamination, aircraft noise, salinity, coastal hazards, sea level rise or another risk, other than flooding.

Adopted policy means a policy adopted:

- a) adopted by the council, or
- b) adopted by any other public authority and notified to the council for the express purpose of its adoption by that authority being referred to in planning certificates issued by the council, that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of land slip, bushfire, tidal inundation, subsidence, acid sulfate soils or any other risk (other than flooding).

Council <u>has not</u> adopted a policy or been notified of any adopted policy of another public authority, that restricts development on the land because of the likelihood of landslip, subsidence or salinity.

Council <u>does have</u> adopted policies or has been notified of adopted policies of another public authority on matters relating to the risk of bushfire; acid sulfate soils; contamination; aircraft noise; flooding; tidal inundation; sea level rise; and coastal hazards.

Yes, the land is identified as bushfire prone land and therefore development is restricted by the NSW Rural Fire Services policies relating to development on bushfire prone land. Additional information on this hazard restriction can be obtained from the NSW Rural Fire Service website.

### ITEM 11 – Bush fire prone land

If any of the land is bush fire prone land, designated by the Commissioner of the NSW Rural Fire Service under the Act, section 10.3, a statement that all or some of the land is bush fire prone land. If none of the land is bush fire prone land, a statement to that effect.

The land is identified as being within a bushfire prone area (either whole or part).

**Note:** In accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*, bush fire prone land, in relation to an area, means land recorded for the time being as bush fire prone land on a bush fire prone land map for the area. This mapping is subject to periodic review. Additional mapping information is available on Council's website via the Online Mapping tool.

**Note:** Further details of any applicable restrictions on development of the land associated with Bushfire Prone Land may be obtained by consulting with Council or reviewing the guideline *Planning for Bushfire Protection 2019* (as amended from time to time) available on the NSW Rural Fire Service website.

**Note**: The identification of land as not being bushfire prone does not mean that the land is not, or may not be, affected by bushfire or that the land will not in the future be subject to bushfire related development controls, as additional data and information regarding the land become available.

### ITEM 12 – Loose – fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, that are listed on the Register kept under that Division, a statement to that effect.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is identified on the register of residential premises under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*.

### ITEM 13 – Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

No, the land is not in a mine subsidence district within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017.* 

### **ITEM 14 – Paper subdivision information**

1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

No, an adopted development plan does not apply to the land.

2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

A subdivision order does not apply to the land.

### **ITEM 15 – Property vegetation plans**

If the land is land in relation to which a property vegetation plan is approved and in force under the *Native Vegetation Act 2003*, Part 4, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the plan by the person or body that approved the plan under that Act.

No, Council has not been advised that an approved Property Vegetation Plan applies to this land and continues in force under the Native Vegetation Act 2003, Part 4.

### ITEM 16 – Biodiversity stewardship sites

If the land is a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 5, a statement to that effect, but only if the council has been notified of the existence of the agreement by the Biodiversity Conservation Trust.

Note: Biodiversity stewardship agreements include biobanking agreements under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act* 1995, Part 7A that are taken to be biodiversity stewardship agreements under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016, Part 5.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is a biodiversity stewardship site.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is under a biobanking agreement under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Part 7A*.

### ITEM 17 – Biodiversity certified land

If the land is biodiversity certified land under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*, Part 8, a statement to that effect.

Note: Biodiversity certified land includes land certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act* 1995, Part 7AA that is taken to be certified under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act* 2016, Part 8.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is biodiversity certified land.

No, Council has not been notified that the land is certified under the *Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995, Part 7A*.

### ITEM 18 – Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Whether an order has been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land, but only if the council has been notified of the order.

No, Council has not been notified of an order under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours)* Act 2006 that affects the subject land.

## ITEM 19 – Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

If the *Coastal Management Act 2016* applies to the council, whether the owner, or a previous owner, of the land has given written consent to the land being subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works.

No, the land is not subject to annual charges under the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 496B, for coastal protection services.

**Note:** In this section, existing coastal protection works has the same meaning as in the *Local Government Act 1993*, section 553B. Existing coastal protection works are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land, such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment, that existed before 1 January 2011.

### ITEM 20 – Western Sydney Aerotropolis

The State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 does not apply to land within the Mid-Coast local government area.

### ITEM 21 – Development consent conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land that are of the kind set out in that Policy, section 88(2).

Clause 88(2) of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing)* 2021 restricts occupation of development approved for seniors housing to:

- a) seniors or people who have a disability,
- b) people who live in the same household with seniors or people who have a disability,
- c) staff employed to assist in the administration and provision of services to housing provided under this Part.

No, Council is not aware of a condition of consent being imposed in terms of a kind referred to in *Chapter 3, Part 5 clause 88(2)* of the *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* in respect of development on the land.

## ITEM 22 – Site compatibility certificates and development consent conditions for affordable rental housing

- 1. Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate under State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land and, if there is a certificate
  - a) the period for which the certificate is current, and
  - b) that a copy may be obtained from the Department.

No, Council is not aware of a site compatibility verification certificate for affordable rental housing on the land.

# 2. If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 21(1) or 40(1).

No, Council is not aware of a condition being imposed in terms of a kind referred to in *Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 Clause 21(1) or 40(1) of the Statement Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021* in respect of development on the land.

**Note:** Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1). In this section, former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*.

### GENERAL INFORMATION

The absence of any reference to a matter affecting the land shall not imply that the land is not affected by that matter not referred to in this certificate.

Information provided under section 10.7(2) is in accordance with the matters prescribed under Schedule 2 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2021 and is provided only to the extent that the Council has been notified by Planning NSW.

Any enquiries regarding State and Regional Environmental Planning Policies should be directed to the Planning NSW website.

Please contact Council's Customer Service team for further information about this Planning Certificate.

Adrian Panuccio GENERAL MANAGER